

TASER INTERNATIONAL INC

FORM 10-Q (Quarterly Report)

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

			Form 10-Q	Q	
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Mark One)	X	QUARTERLY RI OF 1934	EPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR	R 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT	
		OF 1934	For the quarterly period ended or	June 30, 2016	
		TRANSITION RI OF 1934	EPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR	R 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT	
			For the transition period from Commission File Number: 00		
			TASER Internation	,	
		Delaware		86-0741227	
		(State or other jurisdi incorporation or organ		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
		17800 North 85th		85255	
	(Scottsdale, Ariz Address of principal exec		(Zip Code)	
			(480) 991-0797 (Registrant's telephone number, incl	luding area code)	
		(Forn	Not Applicable ner name, former address and former fiscal ye		
				on 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the prechas been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.	
	nt to Rule 4	05 of Regulation S-T (§		orate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submit 2 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to	
			a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a remaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the E	non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the defin Exchange Act.	itions of
Large accele	rated filer	×		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelera	ated filer	□ (Do not	check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	
,		C	shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Estock outstanding as of July 31, 2016 was 52,193,	,	

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Item 1. Financial Statements

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

TASER INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share data)

	J	une 30, 2016	December 31, 2015		
		(Unaudited)			
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	37,306	\$	59,526	
Short-term investments		49,711		50,254	
Accounts and notes receivable, net of allowance of \$292 and \$322 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively		30,499		27,701	
Inventory, net		21,936		15,763	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		14,323		8,165	
Total current assets		153,775		161,409	
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$37,266 and \$36,020 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively		22,249		21,848	
Deferred income tax assets, net		15,577		13,719	
Intangible assets, net		7,228		7,588	
Goodwill		9,100		9,596	
Long-term investments		4,594		8,525	
Other assets		16,172		7,196	
Total assets	\$	228,695	\$	229,881	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		·			
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	8,083	\$	7,333	
Accrued liabilities		10,382		8,643	
Current portion of deferred revenue		31,668		20,851	
Customer deposits		1,998		1,226	
Current portion of notes payable and capital lease payable		62		87	
Total current liabilities		52,193		38,140	
Deferred revenue, net of current portion		35,098		30,190	
Liability for unrecognized tax benefits		1,508		1,315	
Long-term deferred compensation		2,759		2,199	
Long-term business acquisition contingent consideration				952	
Other long-term liabilities		2,707		81	
Total liabilities		94,265		72,877	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		> 1,200		72,077	
Stockholders' equity:					
Preferred stock, \$0.00001 par value; 25,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015		_		_	
Common stock, \$0.00001 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 52,172,547 and 53,692,192 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively		1		1	
Additional paid-in capital		181,943		178,143	
Treasury stock at cost, 20,220,227 and 18,432,158 shares as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015,		161,743		170,143	
respectively		(155,947)		(122,201)	
Retained earnings		108,091		100,978	
Accumulated other comprehensive income		342		83	
Total stockholders' equity		134,430		157,004	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	228,695	\$	229,881	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

TASER INTERNATIONAL, INC. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2016			2015	2016			2015		
Net sales	\$	58,756	\$	46,713	\$	114,286	\$	91,475		
Cost of products sold and services delivered		21,457		15,990		40,085		30,884		
Gross margin		37,299		30,723		74,201		60,591		
Operating expenses:										
Sales, general and administrative		24,379		15,443		49,212		30,008		
Research and development		6,710		5,906		13,637		10,464		
Total operating expenses		31,089		21,349		62,849		40,472		
Income from operations		6,210		9,374		11,352		20,119		
Interest income and other (expense) income, net		(123)		99		(5)		34		
Income before provision for income taxes		6,087		9,473		11,347		20,153		
Provision for income taxes		2,437		3,370		4,234		6,845		
Net income	\$	3,650	\$	6,103	\$	7,113	\$	13,308		
Net income per common and common equivalent shares:										
Basic	\$	0.07	\$	0.11	\$	0.13	\$	0.25		
Diluted	\$	0.07	\$	0.11	\$	0.13	\$	0.24		
Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding:										
Basic		52,480		53,644		53,087		53,407		
Diluted		53,289		54,800		53,890		54,662		
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDAT	ED STAT	EMENTS O	F CO	MPREHENSI	VE II	NCOME				
Net income	\$	3,650	\$	6,103	\$	7,113	\$	13,308		
Foreign currency translation adjustments		25		8		259		97		
Comprehensive income	\$	3,675	\$	6,111	\$	7,372	\$	13,405		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

TASER INTERNATIONAL, INC. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

	 Six Months Ended June 30,		
	 2016		2015
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 7,113	\$	13,308
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	1,843		1,362
Purchase accounting adjustments to goodwill	349		_
Loss on inventory nonmonetary exchanges	90		_
Gain on disposal of property and equipment, net	(17)		_
Loss on disposal of intangible assets	14		165
Bond premium amortization	712		826
Stock-based compensation	4,526		3,223
Deferred income taxes	(1,445)		(511
Unrecognized tax benefits	193		(319
Tax benefit from stock-based compensation	(88)		(6,245
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts and notes receivable	(3,211)		5,569
Inventory	(6,748)		(5,329
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(14,657)		(8,174
Accounts payable, accrued and other liabilities	5,078		3,627
Deferred revenue	15,812		3,133
Customer deposits	772		334
Net cash provided by operating activities	10,336		10,969
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of investments	(28,667)		(38,750
Proceeds from call / maturity of investments	32,429		21,365
Purchases of property and equipment	(1,964)		(1,770
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	33		_
Purchases of intangible assets	(185)		(201
Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	_		(7,840
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1,646		(27,196
Cash flows from financing activities:	 1,010		(27,170
Repurchase of common stock	(33,746)		_
Proceeds from options exercised	222		2,553
Payroll tax payments for net-settled stock awards	(1,036)		(647
Payments on capital lease obligation	(19)		(18
Payments on notes payable	(29)		(10
Tax benefit from stock-based compensation	88		6,245
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	 		8,133
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	 (34,520)		81
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(22,220)		(8,013
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	 59,526		48,367
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 37,306	\$	40,354
Supplemental disclosure:			
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 8,271	\$	4,848
Non-cash transactions			
Property and equipment purchases in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 90	\$	205

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

TASER International, Inc. ("TASER" or the "Company") is a developer and manufacturer of advanced conducted electrical weapons ("CEWs") designed for use by law enforcement, military, corrections, and private security personnel, and by private individuals for personal defense. In addition, the Company has developed full technology solutions for the capture, storage and management of video/audio evidence as well as other tactical capabilities for use in law enforcement. The Company sells its products worldwide through its direct sales force, distribution partners, online store and third-party resellers. The Company was incorporated in Arizona in September 1993, and reincorporated in Delaware in January 2001. The Company's corporate headquarters and manufacturing facilities are located in Scottsdale, Arizona. The Company's software development unit facility is located in Seattle, Washington. TASER International BV, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, serves as the Company's international headquarters, and is located in Amsterdam, Netherlands. TASER International BV wholly owns two subsidiaries, Axon Public Safety U.K. LTD and Axon Public Safety AU, that serve as direct sales operations in the United Kingdom and Australia, respectively.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company. All material intercompany accounts, transactions, and profits have been eliminated.

a. Basis of Presentation and Use of Estimates

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information related to the Company's organization, significant accounting policies and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("US GAAP") has been condensed or omitted. The accounting policies followed in the preparation of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, as filed on Form 10-K. In the opinion of management, these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all material adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to fairly state the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented and the presentations and disclosures herein are adequate when read in conjunction with the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year (or any other period). Significant estimates and assumptions in these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include:

- product warranty reserves,
- inventory valuation,
- revenue recognition allocated in multiple-deliverable contracts or arrangements,
- valuation of goodwill, intangibles and long-lived assets,
- recognition, measurement and valuation of current and deferred income taxes,
- · fair value of stock awards issued, the estimated vesting period for performance-based stock awards and forfeiture rates, and
- recognition and measurement of contingencies and accrued litigation expense.

Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

b. Segment Information

The Company is comprised of two reportable segments: the manufacture and sale of CEWs, accessories and other products and services (the "TASER Weapons" segment); and the video business which includes the TASER Cam, Axon cameras and related accessories, Evidence.com and MediaSolv (the "Axon" segment). Reportable segments are determined based on discrete financial information reviewed by the Company's Chief Executive Officer who is the Chief Operating Decision Maker (the "CODM") for the Company. The Company organizes and reviews operations based on products and services, and currently there are no operating segments that are aggregated. The Company performs an annual analysis of its reportable segments. Additional information related to the Company's business segments is summarized in Note 13.

c. Geographic Information and Major Customers

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, net sales by geographic area were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,								Six Months Ended June 30,							
	2016			2015			2016			2015						
United States	\$	52,219	88.9%	\$	38,695	82.8%	\$	94,687	82.9%	\$	74,196	81.1%				
Other Countries		6,537	11.1		8,018	17.2		19,599	17.1		17,279	18.9				
Total	\$	58,756	100.0%	\$	46,713	100.0%	\$	114,286	100.0%	\$	91,475	100.0%				

Sales to customers outside of the U.S. are typically denominated in U.S. dollars, and are attributed to each country based on the shipping address of the distributor or customer. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, no individual country outside the U.S. represented more than 10% of net sales. Sales in the international market are generally larger and occur more intermittently than in the domestic market due to the profile of the Company's customers.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, no customer represented more than 10% of total net sales. At June 30, 2016 there was one outstanding customer balance from one unaffiliated customer that comprised 16.3% of the aggregate accounts receivable balance. At December 31, 2015, the Company had a trade receivable from one unaffiliated customer comprising 12.5% of the aggregate accounts receivable balance.

d. Income per Common Share

Basic income per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the periods presented. Potentially dilutive securities include outstanding stock options and unvested restricted stock units. The dilutive effect of potentially dilutive securities is reflected in diluted earnings per share by application of the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, an increase in the fair market value of the Company's common stock can result in a greater dilutive effect from potentially dilutive securities.

The calculation of the weighted average number of shares outstanding and earnings per share are as follows (in thousands except per share data):

		Three Months	June 30,		Six Months l	Ended June 30,		
		2016		2015		2016		2015
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share:								
Net income	\$	3,650	\$	6,103	\$	7,113	\$	13,308
Denominator:								
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic		52,480		53,644		53,087		53,407
Dilutive effect of stock-based awards		809		1,156		803		1,255
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding		53,289		54,800		53,890		54,662
Anti-dilutive stock-based awards excluded		369		153	-	520		173
Net income per common share:								
Basic	\$	0.07	\$	0.11	\$	0.13	\$	0.25
Diluted	\$	0.07	\$	0.11	\$	0.13	\$	0.24
	7							

e. Revenue Recognition, Deferred Revenue and Accounts and Notes Receivable

The Company derives revenue from two primary sources: (1) the sale of physical products, including CEWs, Axon cameras, corresponding extended warranties, and related accessories such as E-docks, cartridges and batteries, among others, and (2) subscription to the Company's Evidence.com software as a service ("SaaS") (including data storage fees and other ancillary services), which includes varying levels of support. To a lesser extent, the Company also recognizes training and other professional services revenue. Revenue is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, title has transferred, the price is fixed and collectability is reasonably assured. Contractual arrangements may contain explicit customer acceptance provisions, and under such arrangements, the Company defers recognition of revenue until formal customer acceptance is received. Extended warranty revenue, SaaS revenue and related data storage revenue are recognized ratably over the term of the contract beginning on the commencement date of each contract.

Revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables are divided into separate units and revenue is allocated using the relative selling price method based upon vendor-specific objective evidence of selling price or third-party evidence of the selling prices if vendor-specific objective evidence of selling prices does not exist. If neither vendor-specific objective evidence nor third-party evidence exists, management uses its best estimate of selling price. The majority of the Company's allocations of arrangement consideration under multiple element arrangements are performed using vendor-specific objective evidence by utilizing prices charged to customers for deliverables when sold separately. The Company's multiple element arrangements may include future CEWs and/or Axon devices to be delivered at defined points within a multi-year contract, and in those arrangements, the Company allocates total arrangement consideration over the life of the multi-year contract to future deliverables using management's best estimate of selling price. The Company has not utilized third party evidence of selling price.

The Company offers the right to purchase extended warranties that include additional services and coverage beyond the standard limited warranty for certain products. Revenue for extended warranty purchases is deferred at the time of sale and recognized over the warranty period commencing on the date of sale. Extended warranties range from one to five years.

Evidence.com and Axon cameras and related accessories have stand-alone value to the customer and are sometimes sold separately, but in most instances are sold together. In these instances, customers typically purchase and pay for the equipment and one year of Evidence.com in advance. Additional years of service are generally billed annually over a specified service term, which has typically ranged from one to five years. Generally, the Company recognizes revenue for the Axon equipment at the time of the sale consistent with the discussion of multiple deliverable arrangements above. Revenue for Evidence.com is deferred at the time of the sale and recognized over the service period. At times the Company subsidizes the cost of Axon devices provided to customers to secure long-term Evidence.com service contracts. In such circumstances, revenue related to the Axon devices recognized at the time of delivery is limited to the amount collected from the customer that is not contingent upon the delivery of future Evidence.com services. The Company recognizes the remaining allocated revenue related to subsidized Axon devices over the remaining period it provides the contracted Evidence.com services.

In 2012, the Company introduced a program, the TASER Assurance Program ("TAP") whereby a customer purchasing a product and joining the program will have the right to trade-in the original product for a new product of the same or like model in the future. Upon joining TAP, customers also receive an extended warranty for the initial products purchased and spare inventory. Under this program the customer generally pays additional annual installments over the contract period, generally three to five years. The Company records consideration received related to the future product purchase as deferred revenue until all revenue recognition criteria are met, which is generally when the new product is delivered. Consideration related to future product purchases is determined at the inception of the arrangement using management's best estimate of selling price. Management's estimate is principally based on the current selling price for such products, with due evaluation of the impact of any expected product and pricing changes, which have historically had an immaterial influence on management's best estimate of selling price.

In 2015, The Company introduced the Officer Safety Plan ("OSP") whereby a customer enters into a five year Evidence.com subscription that includes all of its standard advanced features along with unlimited storage. The OSP also includes a service plan that includes upgrades of (i) the Axon devices every 2.5 years and (ii) a TASER CEW at any point within the contract period. Upon entering into the OSP, customers also receive extended warranties on the Axon and CEW devices upon delivery to cover the contract periods as well as spare inventory units. Under this program the customer generally makes an initial purchase of Axon cameras and related accessories, and CEWs at inception along with annual installments for services and future hardware deliverables over the contract period. The Company records consideration received related to the future purchase as deferred revenue until all revenue recognition criteria are met, which is generally when the products or services are delivered.

In 2016, the Company introduced the TASER 60 Plan ("TASER 60") whereby a customer typically enters into a five year CEW installment purchase arrangement. The TASER 60 plan also includes extended warranties on the CEW devices upon delivery covering the contract periods. Generally, the Company recognizes revenue for the amount allocated to the CEW at the time of sale for the amount of the customer receivable, net of imputed interest, and the amount allocated to the extended warranty is recognized over five years.

Sales tax collected on sales is netted against government remittances and thus, recorded on a net basis. Training and professional service revenues are recorded as the services are provided.

Deferred revenue consists of payments received in advance related to products and services for which the criteria for revenue recognition have not yet been met. Deferred revenue that will be recognized during the succeeding twelve month period is recorded as current deferred revenue and the remaining portion is recorded as long-term. Deferred revenue does not include future revenue from multi-year contracts for which no invoice has yet been created. Generally, customers are billed in annual installments. See Note 5 for further disclosures about the Company's deferred revenue.

Sales are typically made on credit, and the Company generally does not require collateral. Management performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition, and maintains an allowance for estimated potential losses. Uncollectible accounts are charged to expense when deemed uncollectible, and accounts and notes receivable are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This allowance represents management's best use of estimates, and is based on judgment after considering a number of factors, including third-party credit reports, actual payment history, cash discounts, customer-specific financial information and broader market and economic trends and conditions.

f. Standard Warranties

The Company warranties its CEWs, Axon cameras and certain related accessories from manufacturing defects on a limited basis for a period of one year after purchase and, thereafter, will replace any defective unit for a fee. Estimated costs for the standard warranty are charged to cost of products sold and services delivered when revenue is recorded for the related product. Future warranty costs are estimated based on historical data related to returns and warranty costs on a quarterly basis and this rate is applied to current product sales. Historically, reserve amounts have been increased if management becomes aware of a component failure or other issue that could result in larger than anticipated returns from customers. The accrued warranty liability expense is reviewed quarterly to verify that it sufficiently reflects the remaining warranty obligations based on the anticipated expenditures over the balance of the warranty obligation period, and adjustments are made when actual warranty claim experience differs from estimates. Costs related to extended warranties are charged to cost of products sold and services delivered when incurred. The reserve for warranty returns is included in accrued liabilities on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Changes in the Company's estimated product warranty liabilities are as follows (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,					
		2016		2015		
Balance, beginning of period	\$	314	\$	675		
Utilization of accrual		(49)		(200)		
Warranty expense		520		(19)		
Balance, end of period	\$	785	\$	456		

g. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company uses the fair value framework that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques for measuring financial assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis and for non-financial assets and liabilities when these items are re-measured. Fair value is considered to be the exchange price in an orderly transaction between market participants, to sell an asset or transfer a liability at the measurement date. The hierarchy below lists three levels of fair value based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market. The Company categorizes each of its fair value measurements in one of these three levels based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. These levels are:

• Level 1 – Valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for assets or liabilities that are identical to the assets or liabilities being measured.

- Level 2 Valuation techniques in which significant inputs include quoted prices from active markets for assets or liabilities that are similar to the assets or liabilities being measured and/or quoted prices for assets or liabilities that are identical or similar to the assets or liabilities being measured from markets that are not active. Also, model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets are Level 2 valuation techniques.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable. Unobservable inputs are valuation technique inputs that reflect the Company's own assumptions about inputs that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The Company has cash equivalents and investments, which at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were comprised of money market funds, state and municipal obligations, corporate bonds, and certificates of deposits. See additional disclosure regarding the fair value of the Company's cash equivalents and investments in Note 2. Included in the balance of Other assets as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 was \$2.7 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, related to corporate-owned life insurance policies which are used to fund the Company's deferred compensation plan. The Company determines the fair value of its insurance contracts by obtaining the cash surrender value of the contracts from the issuer, a Level 2 valuation technique.

The Company's financial instruments also include accounts and notes receivable, accounts payable, notes payable and accrued liabilities. Due to the short-term nature of these instruments, their fair values approximate their carrying values on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

h. Valuation of Goodwill, Intangibles and Long-lived Assets

Management evaluates whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the remaining estimated useful life of long-lived assets and identifiable intangible assets may warrant revision or that the remaining balance of these assets may not be recoverable. Such circumstances could include, but are not limited to, a change in the product mix, a change in the way products are created, produced or delivered, or a significant change in the way products are branded and marketed. In performing the review for recoverability, management estimates the future undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition. The amount of the impairment loss, if impairment exists, is calculated based on the excess of the carrying amounts of the assets over their estimated fair value computed using discounted cash flows. The Company recorded losses on disposal of intangible assets of \$14,000 and \$0.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

i. Recently Issued Accounting Guidance

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). Subsequently, the FASB issued the following accounting standard updates related to Topic 606, Revenue Contracts with Customers:

- ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) ("ASU 2014-09") in May 2014. ASU 2014-09 requires entities to recognize
 revenue through the application of a five-step model, which includes identification of the contract, identification of the performance obligations,
 determination of the transaction price, allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognition of revenue as the entity satisfies
 the performance obligations.
- ASU No. 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net) ("ASU 2016-08") in March 2016. ASU 2016-08 does not change the core principle of revenue recognition in Topic 606 but clarifies the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations.
- ASU No. 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing ("ASU 2016-10") in April 2016. ASU 2016-10 does not change the core principle of revenue recognition in Topic 606 but clarifies the implementation guidance on identifying performance obligations and the licensing
- ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients ("ASU 2016-12") in May 2016. ASU 2016-12 does not change the core principle of revenue recognition in Topic 606 but clarifies the implementation guidance on a few narrow areas and adds some practical expedients to the guidance.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Company is still evaluating the methods of adoption as well as the impact the adoption of this guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11, Inventory (Topic 330) ("ASU 2016-02"). The amendments require that an entity should measure inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. The amendments are effective for the fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that fiscal year. The amendments should be applied prospectively with earlier application permitted as of the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have any impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) ("ASU 2016-02") in order to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for those leases classified as operating leases under previous GAAP. ASU 2016-02 requires that a lessee should recognize a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term on the balance sheet. ASU 2016-02 is effective for the fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2018 (including interim periods within that year) using a modified retrospective approach and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of adoption of ASU 2016-02 on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting, which amends Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation. ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within that fiscal year and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of adoption of the ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses ("ASU 2016-13"), which amends ASC 326. The new guidance differs from existing GAAP wherein previous objectives generally delayed recognition of credit losses until the loss was probable. ASU 2016-13 eliminates the probable initial recognition threshold and, instead, reflect an entity's current estimate of all expected credit losses. The use of forecasted information is intended to incorporate more timely information in the estimate of expected credit loss. ASU 2016-13 is effective for the fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within that fiscal year and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of adoption of ASU 2016-13 on its consolidated financial statements.

j. Out-of-Period Adjustments

During the preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2016, the Company identified certain transactions that were recorded in the first quarter of fiscal 2016 that should have been recorded in the fourth quarter of 2015. The transactions would have resulted in a reduction in income from operations for the year and quarter ended December 31, 2015 of \$0.8 million . Of the \$0.8 million , \$0.4 million was for variable selling costs related to certain international sales contracts that were recorded and earned during the fourth quarter, \$0.2 million related to a correction of the calculation related to bonus expense that should have been recorded during fiscal 2015, and the remainder was primarily attributable to operating expenses that were incurred but not accrued for as of December 31, 2015.

The Company performed various quantitative and qualitative analyses and determined that these errors were not material to the results reported for the year and quarter ended December 31, 2015. The Company also determined that recording these entries as an out-of-period adjustment during the first quarter of 2016 is not expected to be material to the projected results for the full year ended December 31, 2016.

Total

TASER INTERNATIONAL, INC. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

2. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Amortized

118,305

The following tables summarize the Company's cash, cash equivalents, and held-to-maturity investments at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 (in thousands):

Gross Unrealized

Gains

Gross

Unrealized

Losses

As of June 30, 2016

Fair Value

Cash and Cash

Equivalents

Short-Term

Investments

Long-Term

Investments

Cash	\$	35,451	\$	_	\$		\$	35,451	\$	35,451	\$	_	\$	_
Level 1:														
Money market funds		260		_		_		260		260		_		_
Corporate bonds		34,564		7		(15)		34,556		765		29,975		3,824
Subtotal		34,824		7		(15)		34,816		1,025		29,975		3,824
Level 2:														
State and municipal obligations		19,201		10		_		19,211		830		17,601		770
Certificates of deposit		2,135						2,135				2,135		
Subtotal		21,336		10				21,346		830		19,736		770
Total	\$	91,611	\$	17	\$	(15)	\$	91,613	\$	37,306	\$	49,711	\$	4,594
					·		-				·			
						A	s of D	ecember 31, 2	2015					
						Gross	13 01 1	ccember 51,	2013					
	A	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains		Unrealized Losses		Fair Value		Cash and Cash Equivalents		Short-Term Investments		Long-Term Investments	
Cash				ains			F	air Value	E	uivalents				estments
	Ф	57,137	\$	ains	\$	Losses	\$	57,137	\$	quivalents 57,137				estments
	Þ	57,137		ains —	\$						In		Inv	estments
Level 1:	\$	57,137		ains	\$						In		Inv	estments
Level 1: Money market funds	Þ	2,389		<u>ains</u>	\$						In		Inv	estments
	\$			_	\$	Losses		57,137		57,137	In		Inv	— 729
Money market funds	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,389		_	\$	Losses —		2,389		57,137	In	vestments	Inv	_
Money market funds Corporate bonds		2,389 36,406		_	\$			2,389 36,336		57,137 2,389 —	In		Inv	— 729
Money market funds Corporate bonds		2,389 36,406		_	\$			2,389 36,336		57,137 2,389 —	In		Inv	— 729
Money market funds Corporate bonds Subtotal		2,389 36,406		_	\$			2,389 36,336		57,137 2,389 —	In		Inv	— 729
Money market funds Corporate bonds Subtotal Level 2:		2,389 36,406 38,795		_ _ _ _	\$			57,137 2,389 36,336 38,725		57,137 2,389 —	In	35,677 35,677	Inv	729 729
Money market funds Corporate bonds Subtotal Level 2: State and municipal obligations		2,389 36,406 38,795		_ _ _ _ _	\$			57,137 2,389 36,336 38,725		57,137 2,389 —	In	35,677 35,677 12,000	Inv	729 729 729

The Company believes the unrealized losses on the Company's investments are due to interest rate fluctuations. As these investments are either short-term in nature, are expected to be redeemed at par value, and/or because the Company has the ability and intent to hold these investments to maturity, the Company does not consider these investments to be other than temporarily impaired at June 30, 2016.

11

(79)

118,237

59,526

50,254

8,525

The following table summarizes the amortized cost and fair value of the short-term and long-term investments held by the Company at June 30, 2016 by contractual maturity (in thousands):

	Aı	nortized Cost	Fair Value
Due in less than one year	\$	49,711	\$ 49,709
Due after one year, through two years		4,594	4,598
Due after two years		_	_
Total short-term and long-term investments	\$	54,305	\$ 54,307

3. Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the weighted average cost of raw materials which approximates the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method and includes allocations of manufacturing labor and overhead. Provisions are made to reduce excess, obsolete or slow-moving inventories to their net realizable value. Inventories consisted of the following at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 (in thousands):

	2016	2015
Raw materials	\$ 11,124	\$ 8,748
Work-in-process	74	105
Finished goods	10,738	6,910
Total inventory	\$ 21,936	\$ 15,763

4. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six months ended June 30, 2016 were as follows (in thousands):

Balance, beginning of period	\$ 9,596
Purchase accounting adjustments (a)	(349)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(147)
Balance, end of period	\$ 9,100

⁽a) Purchase accounting adjustments related to deferred tax liabilities for MediaSolv and Axon Public Safety U.K. LTD. There was no impact to the condensed consolidated statements of operations for these adjustments as a result of the adoption of ASU 2015-16, which was effective for the Company on January 1, 2016.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill) consisted of the following (in thousands):

			June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015							
	Useful Life	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount		Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization		Net Carrying Amount		
Amortized:												
Domain names	5 years	\$ 125	\$ (120)	\$ 5	\$	125	\$	(120)	\$	5		
Issued patents	4-15 years	1,882	(719)	1,163		1,866		(659)		1,207		
Issued trademarks	3-11 years	616	(284)	332		603		(255)		348		
Customer relationships	4-8 years	966	(168)	798		1,035		(93)		942		
Non-compete agreements	3-4 years	454	(198)	256		464		(164)		300		
Developed technology	7 years	3,470	(573)	2,897		3,470		(326)		3,144		
Total amortized		7,513	(2,062)	5,451		7,563		(1,617)		5,946		
Not amortized:												
TASER trademark		900		900		900				900		
Patents and trademarks												
pending		 877		 877		742				742		
Total not amortized		1,777		1,777		1,642				1,642		
Total intangible assets		\$ 9,290	\$ (2,062)	\$ 7,228	\$	9,205	\$	(1,617)	\$	7,588		

Amortization expense relative to intangible assets for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. Estimated amortization for intangible assets with definitive lives for the remaining nine months of 2016, the next five years ended December 31, and thereafter, is as follows (in thousands):

2016 (remaining six months)	\$ 468
2017	932
2018	920
2019	799
2020	735
2021	728
Thereafter	869
Total	\$ 5,451

5. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue consisted of the following (in thousands):

		June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015							
	Current	Long-Term	Total	Current			Long-Term		Total		
Warranty:											
TASER Weapons	\$ 9,185	\$ 14,991	\$ 24,176	\$	7,278	\$	13,982	\$	21,260		
Axon	3,031	2,623	5,654		2,332		2,344		4,676		
	12,216	17,614	29,830		9,610		16,326		25,936		
Hardware:											
TASER Weapons	1,101	3,316	4,417		952		2,459		3,411		
Axon	6,602	10,657	17,259		786		7,382		8,168		
	7,703	13,973	21,676		1,738		9,841		11,579		
Axon Services	11,373	3,511	14,884		9,303		4,023		13,326		
Other	376		376		200		_		200		
Total	\$ 31,668	\$ 35,098	\$ 66,766	\$	20,851	\$	30,190	\$	51,041		

			June 30, 2016			December 31, 2015									
	Current Long-Term				Total		Current		Long-Term	Total					
TASER Weapons	\$ 10,662	\$	18,307	\$	28,969	\$	8,430	\$	16,441	\$	24,871				
Axon	21,006		16,791		37,797		12,421		13,749		26,170				
Total	\$ 31,668	\$	35,098	\$	66,766	\$	20,851	\$	30,190	\$	51,041				

6. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities consisted of the following at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 (in thousands):

	 2016	2015
Accrued salaries and benefits	\$ 5,445	\$ 3,637
Accrued judgments and settlements	_	65
Accrued professional fees	286	718
Accrued warranty expense	785	314
Accrued income and other taxes	670	1,215
Other accrued liabilities	3,196	2,694
Accrued liabilities	\$ 10,382	\$ 8,643

7. Income Taxes

Deferred Tax Assets

Net deferred income tax assets at June 30, 2016, include capitalized research and development costs, research and development tax credits, non-qualified stock-based compensation expense, deferred warranty revenue, warranty and inventory reserves, accrued vacation, and other items, partially offset by accelerated depreciation expense and intangible amortization that is not tax deductible. The Company's total net deferred tax assets at June 30, 2016 were \$15.6 million.

In preparing the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements, management assesses the likelihood that its deferred tax assets will be realized from future taxable income. In evaluating the Company's ability to recover its deferred income tax assets, management considers all available positive and negative evidence, including its operating results, ongoing tax planning and forecasts of future taxable income on a jurisdiction by jurisdiction basis. A valuation allowance is established if it is determined that it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the net deferred tax assets will not be realized. Management exercises significant judgment in determining its provisions for income taxes, its deferred tax assets and liabilities, and its future taxable income for purposes of assessing its ability to utilize any future tax benefit from its deferred tax assets.

Although management believes that its tax estimates are reasonable, the ultimate tax determination involves significant judgments that could become subject to audit by tax authorities in the ordinary course of business. As of each reporting date, management considers new evidence, both positive and negative, that could impact management's view with regards to future realization of deferred tax assets. As of June 30, 2016, the Company continues to demonstrate three-year cumulative pre-tax income in the U.S. federal and Arizona tax jurisdictions; however, the Company's Arizona R&D Tax Credits start to expire in 2018 with a significant tranche with a gross value of \$1.2 million expiring if not used by the end of 2019. Under the Company's new tax structure, it appears that long term investments, which impact short term profits, will likely result in some of the R&D credits expiring before they are utilized. Therefore, management has concluded that it is more likely than not that a portion of the Company's deferred tax assets will not be realized and has established a valuation allowance.

The Company has completed research and development ("R&D") tax credit studies which identified approximately \$12.9 million in tax credits for federal, Arizona and California income tax purposes related to the 2003 through 2016 tax years. Management has made the determination that it is more likely than not that the full benefit of the R&D tax credit will not be sustained on examination and recorded a liability for unrecognized tax benefits of \$3.5 million as of June 30, 2016. In addition, management accrued approximately \$0.1 million for estimated uncertain tax positions related to certain state income tax liabilities as of June 30, 2016. The Company does not expect a significant increase or decrease in the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits within 12 months. Should the total unrecognized tax benefit of \$3.6 million be recognized, the Company's effective tax rate would be favorably impacted. Approximately \$1.5 million of the unrecognized tax benefit associated with research and development credits has been netted against the research and development credit deferred tax asset.

Effective Tax Rate

The Company's overall effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2016, after discrete period adjustments, was 37.3%. Before discrete adjustments the tax rate was 37.4%, which is less than the statutory rate primarily due to the impact of income projected in certain foreign jurisdictions and the domestic production activities deduction, partially offset by state taxes and non-deductible expenses for items such as ISO stock option expense, meals and entertainment, and lobbying fees. The Company has completed the full implementation of its new international structure, which began in 2015. In accounting for the income tax effects of this new structure, the Company has recognized income tax expense in the current quarter based on the results it expects for the full year. Actual results could be different, impacting the Company's income tax expense in future quarters.

8. Stockholders' Equity

In May 2016, the Company's stockholders approved a new stock incentive plan authorizing an additional 2.0 million shares, plus remaining available shares under a prior plan for issuance under the new plan. Combined with the legacy stock incentive plans, there are approximately 2.9 million shares available for grant as of June 30, 2016.

Performance-based stock awards

The Company has issued performance-based stock options and performance-based restricted stock units ("RSUs"), the vesting of which is contingent upon the achievement of certain performance criteria related to the operating performance of the Company, as well as successful and timely development and market acceptance of future product introductions. In addition, certain of the performance RSUs have additional service-based vesting requirements subsequent to the achievement of the performance criteria. Compensation expense is recognized over the implicit service period (the longer of the period the performance condition is expected to be achieved or the required service period) based on management's estimate of the probability of the performance criteria being satisfied, adjusted at each balance sheet date.

Restricted Stock Units

The following table summarizes RSU activity for the six months ended June 30, 2016 (number of units and aggregate intrinsic value in thousands):

	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value	Aggregate trinsic Value
Units outstanding, beginning of year	1,139	\$ 19.30	
Granted	435	16.48	
Released	(281)	15.92	
Forfeited	(70)	21.13	
Units outstanding, end of period	1,223	18.97	\$ 30,432

Aggregate intrinsic value represents the Company's closing stock price on the last trading day of the period, which was \$24.88 per share, multiplied by the number of RSUs outstanding. As of June 30, 2016, there was \$18.7 million in unrecognized compensation costs related to RSUs under the Company's stock plans. The Company expects to recognize the cost related to the RSUs over a weighted average period of 2.54 years. RSUs are released when vesting requirements are met.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company granted approximately 0.1 million performance-based RSUs, which are included in the table above. As of June 30, 2016, the performance criteria had only been met for 2,000 of the 0.2 million performance-based RSUs outstanding. Certain of the performance-based RSUs granted in 2016 and 2015 contain provisions whereby the amount of RSUs that ultimately vest is dependent upon the level of achievement of performance metrics. The amount of RSUs included in the table above related to such grants is the target level, which is the Company's best estimate of the amount of RSUs that will vest. The maximum additional number of performance-based RSUs that could be earned is 0.2 million, which are not included in the table above.

Certain RSUs that vested in the six months ended June 30, 2016 were net-share settled such that the Company withheld shares with value equivalent to the employees' minimum statutory obligation for the applicable income and other employment taxes, and remitted the cash to the appropriate taxing authorities. Total shares withheld were approximately 58,300 and had a value of approximately \$1.0 million on their respective vesting dates as determined by the Company's closing stock price. Payments for the employees' tax obligations are reflected as a financing activity within the statement of cash flows. These net-share settlements had the effect of share repurchases by the Company as they reduced the amount of shares that would have otherwise been issued as a result of the vesting.

Stock Option Activity

The following table summarizes stock option activity for the six months ended June 30, 2016 (number of units and aggregate intrinsic value in thousands):

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Options outstanding, beginning of year	1,103	\$ 5.37		
Granted	_	_		
Exercised	(45)	4.91		
Expired / terminated	_	_		
Options outstanding, end of period	1,058	5.39	2.79	\$ 20,613
Options exercisable, end of period	1,027	5.41	2.80	19,996
Options expected to vest, end of period	25	4.75	2.48	503

Aggregate intrinsic value represents the difference between the exercise price of the underlying stock option awards and the closing market price of the Company's common stock of \$24.88 on June 30, 2016. The intrinsic value of options exercised for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$0.8 million and \$13.2 million, respectively. Options expected to vest are presented net of forfeitures. As of June 30, 2016, total options outstanding includes approximately 0.2 million performance-based stock options, of which approximately 30,600 were unvested and 25,000 expected to vest.

Stock-based Compensation Expense

The estimated fair value of stock-based awards is amortized to expense on a straight-line basis over the service periods. As stock-based compensation expense recognized is based on awards ultimately expected to vest, it is reduced for estimated forfeitures. Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. The Company's forfeiture rate was calculated based on its historical experience of awards which ultimately vested. The following table summarizes the composition of stock stock-based compensation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands):

	Three Months	Ended	June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2016		2015		2016		2015
Cost of products sold and services delivered	\$ 70	\$	89	\$	170	\$	159
Sales, general and administrative expenses	1,459		925		2,849		1,858
Research and development expenses	777		665		1,507		1,206
Total stock-based compensation	\$ 2,306	\$	1,679	\$	4,526	\$	3,223

Stock Repurchase Plan

In February 2016, the Company announced that TASER's Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program to acquire up to \$50.0 million of the Company's outstanding common stock subject to stock market conditions and corporate considerations. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, the Company purchased, under a Rule 10b5-1 plan, approximately 1.3 million common shares under the program for a total cost of approximately \$24.8 million, or a weighted average cost of \$18.92 per share. The weighted average cost includes the average price paid per share of \$18.89, plus applicable administrative costs for the transaction. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company purchased, under the Rule 10b5-1 plan, approximately 1.8 million common shares for a total cost of approximately \$33.8 million, or a weighted average cost of \$18.90 per share. The weighted average cost includes the average price paid per share of \$18.87, plus applicable administrative costs for the transaction. No such purchases were made during the six months ended June 31, 2015. As of June 30, 2016, \$16.2 million remains available under the plan for future purchases.

9. Line of Credit

The Company has a \$10.0 million revolving line of credit with a domestic bank. At both June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, there were no borrowings under the line. As of June 30, 2016, the Company had letters of credit outstanding of approximately \$3.0 million under the facility and available borrowing of approximately \$7.0 million. The line is secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company, and bears interest at varying rates (currently LIBOR plus 1.5% or Prime less 0.75%). The line of credit matures on July 31, 2017, and requires monthly payments of interest only. The Company's agreement with the bank requires it to comply with certain financial and other covenants including maintenance of a maximum leverage ratio and minimum fixed charge coverage ratio. The leverage ratio (ratio of total liabilities to tangible net worth) can be no greater than 1:1, and the fixed charge coverage ratio can be no less than 1.25:1, based upon a trailing twelve -month period. At June 30, 2016, the Company's leverage ratio was 0.80:1 and its fixed charge coverage ratio was 2.24:1. Accordingly, the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Product Litigation

The Company is currently named as a defendant in nine lawsuits in which the plaintiffs allege either wrongful death or personal injury in situations in which a TASER CEW was used (or present) by law enforcement officers in connection with arrests or during training exercises. While the facts vary from case to case, the product liability claims are typically based on an alleged product defect resulting in injury or death, usually involving a failure to warn, and the plaintiffs are seeking monetary damages. One recent lawsuit alleges fraud and misrepresentation and is seeking punitive damages in addition to compensatory damages. The information throughout this note is current through the date of these financial statements.

As a general rule, it is the Company's policy not to settle suspect injury or death cases. Exceptions are sometimes made where the settlement is strategically beneficial to the Company. Also, on occasion, the Company's insurance company has settled such lawsuits over the Company's objection where the risk is over the Company's liability insurance deductibles. Due to the confidentiality of the Company's litigation strategy and the confidentiality agreements that are executed in the event of a settlement, it does not identify or comment on which specific lawsuits have been settled or the amount of any settlement.

In 2009, the Company implemented new risk management strategies, including revisions to product warnings and training to better protect both the Company and its customers from litigation based on 'failure to warn' theories - which comprise the vast majority of the cases against the Company. These risk management strategies have been highly effective in reducing the rate and exposure from litigation post-2009. From the third quarter of 2011 to the second quarter of 2016, product liability cases have been reduced from 55 active to nine active cases.

Management believes that pre-2009 cases have a different risk profile than cases which have occurred since the risk management procedures were introduced in 2009. Therefore, the Company necessarily treats certain pre-2009 cases as exceptions to the Company's general no settlement policy in order to reduce caseload, legal costs and liability exposure. The Company intends to continue its successful practice of aggressively defending and generally not settling litigation except in very limited and unusual circumstances as described above.

With respect to each of the pending lawsuits, the following table lists the name of plaintiff, the date the Company was served with process, the jurisdiction in which the case is pending, the type of claim and the status of the matter.

Plaintiff	Month Served	Jurisdiction	Claim Type	Status
Derbyshire	Nov-09	Ontario, Canada Superior Court of Justice	Officer Injury	Discovery Phase
Thompson	Mar-10	11th Judicial Circuit Court, Miami-Dade County, FL	Wrongful Death	Discovery Phase
Doan	Apr-10	The Queen's Bench Alberta, Red Deer Judicial Dist.	Wrongful Death	Discovery Phase
Shymko	Dec-10	The Queen's Bench, Winnipeg Centre, Manitoba	Wrongful Death	Pleading Phase
Ramsey	Jan-12	12th Judicial Circuit Court, Broward County, FL	Wrongful Death	Discovery Phase
Firman	Apr-12	Ontario, Canada Superior Court of Justice	Wrongful Death	Pleading Phase
Schrock	Sep-14	San Bernardino County Superior Court, CA	Wrongful Death	Motion of Summary Judgment Granted on all claims except negligent design and manufacture, subject to repleading by Plaintiff. Plaintiff filed an amended complaint for negligent design claims as well as a Petition for Writ of Mandate or Prohibition Petition from the Court; which writ was summarily denied.
Llach	Sep-15	11th Judicial Circuit Court, Miami-Dade County, FL	Wrongful Death	Discovery Phase
Bennett	Sep-15	11th Judicial Circuit Court, Miami-Dade County, FL	Wrongful Death	Discovery Phase

There are no product litigation matters in which the Company is involved that are currently on appeal.

There were no cases dismissed or judgment entered during the second quarter of 2016 and through the date of these financial statements.

The claims, and in some instances the defense, of each of these lawsuits have been submitted to the Company's insurance carriers that maintained insurance coverage during the applicable periods. The Company continues to maintain product liability insurance coverage with varying limits and deductibles. The following table provides information regarding the Company's product liability insurance. Remaining insurance coverage is based on information received from the Company's insurance provider (in millions).

Policy Year	Polic Star Date	E	olicy End Oate	Insurance Coverage		Deductible Amount	Defense Costs Covered	Remaining Insurance Coverage	Active Cases and Cases on Appeal
20	004 12/1/	2003 12	2/1/2004	\$ 2	.0	\$ 0.1	N	\$ 2.0	n/a
20	005 12/1/	2004 12	2/1/2005	10	.0	0.3	Y	7.0	n/a
20	006 12/1/	2005 12	2/1/2006	10	.0	0.3	Y	3.7	n/a
20	007 12/1/	2006 12	2/1/2007	10	.0	0.3	Y	8.0	n/a
20	008 12/1/	2007 12/	15/2008	10	.0	0.5	Y	_	n/a
20	009 12/15/	2008 12/	15/2009	10	.0	1.0	N	10.0	Derbyshire
20	010 12/15/	2009 12/	15/2010	10	.0	1.0	N	10.0	Thompson, Shymko, Doan
20	011 12/15/	2010 12/	15/2011	10	.0	1.0	N	10.0	n/a
Jan-Jun 20	012 12/15/	2011 6/2	25/2012	7	.0	1.0	N	7.0	Ramsey, Firman
Jul-Dec 20	012 6/25/	2012 12/	15/2012	12	.0	1.0	N	12.0	n/a
20	013 12/15/	2012 12/	15/2013	12	.0	1.0	N	12.0	n/a
20	014 12/15/	2013 12/	15/2014	11	.0	4.0	N	11.0	Schrock
20	015 12/15/	2014 12/	15/2015	10	.0	5.0	N	10.0	Llach, Bennett
20	016 12/15/	2015 12/	15/2016	10	.0	5.0	N	10.0	n/a

Other Litigation

In November, 2015 the Company filed a complaint against Phazzer Electronics Inc. and Sang Min International Co. Ltd. for patent infringement, trademark infringement and false advertising. Defendant Phazzer has filed a motion to dismiss. This litigation is in the motion/discovery phase.

In February, 2016 the Company was served with a first amended complaint filed by Digital Ally in the Federal District Court for the District of Kansas alleging patent infringement, commercial bribery, contracts, combinations and conspiracies in restraint

of trade and unfair or anti-competitive acts and practices. In March 2016 the Company was served with a second amended complaint with similar allegations. The second amended complaint seeks a judgment of infringement, monetary damages, a permanent injunction, punitive damages and attorneys' fees and costs. The Company believes the second amended complaint is frivolous and the Company will vigorously defend this litigation. The Company has filed a motion to dismiss the claims involving commercial bribery, contracts, combinations and conspiracies in restraint of trade and unfair or anti-competitive acts and practices. This litigation is in the discovery phase.

In April, 2016 the Company was served with a notice of arbitration claim filed by Antoine di Zazzo, the Company's former distributor in France, for commissions allegedly owed Mr. di Zazzo. The arbitration claim was filed with the International Court of Arbitration of the International Chamber of Commerce in Paris, France, and the amount that is claimed in controversy is approximately \$0.6 million. The Company's records reflect that all commissions that were due Mr. di Zazzo under his contract were paid or offered to him and the Company will vigorously defend this arbitration claim.

General

From time to time, the Company is notified that it may be a party to a lawsuit or that a claim is being made against it. It is the Company's policy to not disclose the specifics of any claim or threatened lawsuit until the summons and complaint are actually served on the Company. After carefully assessing the claim, and assuming the Company determines that it is not at fault or it disagrees with the damages or relief demanded, the Company vigorously defends any lawsuit filed against the Company. In certain legal matters, the Company records a liability when losses are deemed probable and reasonably estimable. In evaluating matters for accrual and disclosure purposes, the Company takes into consideration factors such as our historical experience with matters of a similar nature, the specific facts and circumstances asserted, the likelihood of our prevailing, the availability of insurance, and the severity of any potential loss. the Company reevaluates and updates our accruals as matters progress over time.

Based on the Company's assessment of outstanding litigation and claims as of June 30, 2016, the Company has determined that it is not reasonably possible that these lawsuits will individually, or in the aggregate, materially affect its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. However, the outcome of any litigation is inherently uncertain and there can be no assurance that any expense, liability or damages that may ultimately result from the resolution of these matters will be covered by its insurance or will not be in excess of amounts recognized or provided by insurance coverage and will not have a material adverse effect on our operating results, financial condition or cash flows.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Under certain circumstances, the Company uses letters of credit and surety bonds to guarantee its performance under various contracts, principally in connection with the installation and integration of its Axon cameras and related technologies. Certain of the Company's letters of credit contracts and surety bonds have stated expiration dates with others being released as the contractual performance terms are completed. At June 30, 2016, the Company had outstanding letters of credit of approximately \$3.0 million. Of that amount, \$2.7 million is expected to expire in May 2017 and \$0.3 million is expected to expire in January 2017. Additionally, the Company had approximately \$4.7 million of outstanding surety bonds at June 30, 2016, with \$2.3 million expiring in April 2021, \$2.2 million expiring in July 2018 and the remaining \$0.2 million expected to be released in August 2016.

11. Related Party Transactions

The Company engages Dr. Mark Kroll, a member of the Board of Directors, to provide consulting services. The expenses related to these services were approximately \$69,000 and \$65,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and \$97,000 and \$112,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had liabilities of approximately \$21,000 and \$31,000, respectively, related to these services.

The Company subscribes to a mobile collaboration software suite co-founded and managed by Bret Taylor, a member of the Company's Board of Directors. For the period of July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016, the Company licensed this software for a fee of approximately \$20,000 per quarter. As of June 30, 2016 the Company had no prepaid costs related to the annual subscription, and as of December 31, 2015 had prepaid costs of approximately \$36,000. On July 1, 2016, the Company entered into an annual subscription, paid in advance, for approximately \$120,000.

In connection with the acquisition of Tactical Safety Responses Limited (Note 14), the Company assumed two long-term non-cancellable operating leases for business premises with the former owners, one of whom is an employee of the Company. The leases have an average remaining contractual term of approximately 11 years and require aggregate annual rental payments of approximately \$45,000. Prepaid rental payments as of June 30, 2016 were negligible.

12. Employee Benefit Plans

The Company has a defined contribution profit sharing 401 (k) plan for eligible employees, which is qualified under Sections 401 (a) and 401 (k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Employees are entitled to make tax-deferred contributions of up to the maximum allowed by law of their eligible compensation.

The Company also has a non-qualified deferred compensation plan for certain executives, key employees and non-employee directors through which participants may elect to postpone the receipt and taxation of a portion of their compensation, including stock-based compensation, received from the Company. The non-qualified deferred compensation plan allows eligible participants to defer up to 80% of their base salary and up to 100% of other types of compensation. The plan also allows for (i) matching and discretionary employer contributions and (ii) the deferral of vested RSU awards. Employee deferrals are deemed 100% vested upon contribution. Distributions from the plan are made upon retirement, death, separation of service, specified date or upon the occurrence of an unforeseeable emergency. Distributions can be paid in a variety of forms from lump sum to installments over a period of years. Participants in the plan are entitled to select from a wide variety of investments available under the plan and are allocated gains or losses based upon the performance of the investments selected by the participant. All gains or losses are allocated fully to plan participants and the Company does not guarantee a rate of return on deferred balances. Assets related to this plan consist of corporate-owned life insurance contracts and are included in other assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Participants have no rights or claims with respect to any plan assets and any such assets are subject to the claims of the Company's general creditors.

Contributions to the plans are made by both the employee and the Company. Company contributions to the 401(k) plan are based on the level of employee contributions and are immediately vested. The Company's matching contributions to the 401(k) plan for each of the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, were approximately \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million , respectively. The Company expects to make contributions to the non-qualified deferred compensation plan related to the three months ended June 30, 2016, of approximately \$6,000. Future matching or profit sharing contributions to the plans are at the Company's sole discretion.

13. Segment Data

The Company's operations are comprised of two reportable segments: the manufacture and sale of CEWs, accessories and other products and services (the "TASER Weapons" segment); and the video business, which includes the TASER Cam, Axon products, Evidence.com, and MediaSolv (the "Axon" segment). The Company includes only revenues and costs attributable to the Axon segment in that segment. Included in Axon segment costs are: costs of sales for both products and services, overhead allocation based on direct labor, selling expense for the Axon sales team, Axon product management expenses, trade shows and related expenses, and research and development for products included in the Axon segment. All other costs are included in the TASER Weapons segment. The CODM does not review assets by segment as part of the financial information provided; therefore, only limited asset information is provided in the following tables.

Information relative to the Company's reportable segments is as follows (in thousands):

	Three	Mon	ths Ended June 3	0, 20	16	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015						
	 TASER Weapons		Axon		Total		TASER Weapons		Axon		Total	
Product sales	\$ 45,536	\$	8,331	\$	53,867	\$	37,825	\$	5,930	\$	43,755	
Service revenue	_		4,889		4,889		_		2,958		2,958	
Net sales	45,536		13,220		58,756		37,825		8,888		46,713	
Cost of products sold	14,489		5,565		20,054		11,278		3,716		14,994	
Cost of services delivered	_		1,403		1,403		_		996		996	
Gross margin	31,047		6,252		37,299		26,547		4,176		30,723	
Sales, general and administrative	14,684		9,695		24,379		10,823		4,620		15,443	
Research and development	1,245		5,465		6,710		1,077		4,829		5,906	
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 15,118	\$	(8,908)	\$	6,210	\$	14,647	\$	(5,273)	\$	9,374	
Purchase of property and equipment	\$ 594	\$	90	\$	684	\$	188	\$	1,158	\$	1,346	
Purchase of intangible assets	51		36		87		35		116		151	
Purchase of property and equipment and intangible assets in connection with business acquisition	_		_		_		_		9,694		9,694	
Depreciation and amortization	560		382		942		556		189		745	

	Six M	Ionth	s Ended June 30,	2016	í	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015						
	 TASER Weapons		Axon		Total		TASER Weapons		Axon		Total	
Product sales	\$ 91,370	\$	13,172	\$	104,542	\$	76,166	\$	10,432	\$	86,598	
Service revenue	_		9,744		9,744		_		4,877		4,877	
Net sales	91,370		22,916		114,286		76,166		15,309		91,475	
Cost of products sold	28,566		8,943		37,509		22,359		6,864		29,223	
Cost of services delivered	_		2,576		2,576		_		1,661		1,661	
Gross margin	62,804		11,397		74,201		53,807		6,784		60,591	
Sales, general and administrative	29,956		19,256		49,212		21,528		8,480		30,008	
Research and development	2,365		11,272		13,637		2,267		8,197		10,464	
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 30,483	\$	(19,131)	\$	11,352	\$	30,012	\$	(9,893)	\$	20,119	
Purchase of property and equipment	\$ 1,665	\$	299	\$	1,964	\$	535	\$	1,235	\$	1,770	
Purchase of intangible assets	113		72		185		81		120		201	
Purchase of property and equipment and intangible assets in connection with business												
acquisition	_		_		_		_		9,694		9,694	
Depreciation and amortization	1,132		711		1,843		1,086		276		1,362	

14. Business Acquisitions

MediaSolv Solutions Corporation

On May 5, 2015, the Company acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of MediaSolv Solutions Corporation, a Delaware corporation for a total purchase price of \$8.8 million, net of \$0.1 million of cash acquired. MediaSolv primarily provides solutions for interview room video, closed-circuit television ("CCTV") and on-premise digital evidence management. These products connect with the Company's Axon on-officer cameras and, in some cases, its Evidence.com cloud platform, further enabling law enforcement to unify existing silos of digital media and evidence into a seamless workflow from capture to the courtroom. The Company believes the acquisition will continue to allow the Company to leverage MediaSolv's existing network and relationships to further strengthen its position in the market.

The purchase price consisted primarily of cash, net of cash acquired and working capital adjustments, of \$7.8 million and contingent consideration of \$1.0 million representing potential earn-outs to former stockholders based on predetermined future financial metrics. The Company also agreed to additional earn-out provisions and compensation adjustments totaling approximately \$4.0 million based, in part, on predefined future financial metrics. The additional earn-outs were not included as part of the purchase price and will be expensed as compensation in the period earned.

During the first quarter of 2016, the \$1.0 million of earn-outs to former stockholders were earned in full and were paid during the second quarter of 2016. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded \$0.1 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, of earn-outs that were recorded as commission expense, and as of June 30, 2016, \$0.8 million of earn-outs were recorded as accrued liabilities within the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

The major classes of assets and liabilities to which the Company allocated the purchase price were as follows (in thousands):

Accounts receivable and other current assets	\$ 590
Inventory	35
Property and equipment	53
Intangible assets	4,145
Goodwill	5,496
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(697)
Deferred revenue	(111)
Deferred income tax liabilities, net	(688)
Total purchase price	\$ 8,823

The Company has assigned the goodwill to the Axon segment. Other identifiable definite lived intangible assets were assigned a total weighted average amortization period of 6.5 years. MediaSolv has been included in the Company's consolidated results of operations subsequent to the acquisition date. Pro forma results of operations for MediaSolv have not been presented because they are not material to the consolidated results of operations. In connection with the acquisition, the Company incurred and expensed costs of approximately \$0.2 million, which included legal, accounting and other third-party expenses related to the transaction.

Tactical Safety Responses Limited

On July 16, 2015, TASER International B.V., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Tactical Safety Responses Limited ("TSR"), a United Kingdom ("UK") corporation. TSR was the Company's licensed distributor of TASER CEWs and Axon cameras and related accessories in the UK. The acquired entity operates under the name Axon Public Safety UK. The acquisition is intended to help expand the Company's growth across the UK by growing its in-country sales and support team. The total purchase was \$3.3 million consisting of \$4.0 million cash at close, net of \$0.7 million of cash acquired. The Company also agreed to additional amounts in the form of earn-outs, subject to the achievement of predefined performance metrics. The earn-outs were not included as part of the purchase price and will be expensed as compensation in the period earned. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, no amounts were earned under these earn-out provisions.

The Company's purchase price allocation is preliminary and subject to revision as more detailed analyses are completed and additional information about fair value of assets and liabilities become available, including additional information relating to tax matters and finalization of the valuation of identifiable intangible assets.

The major classes of assets and liabilities to which the Company has allocated the purchase price, on a preliminary basis, are as follows (in thousands):

Accounts receivable	\$ 726
Inventory	497
Property and equipment	583
Other Assets	20
Intangible assets	881
Goodwill	1,612
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(207)
Notes payable	(169)
Income tax liabilities	(609)
Total purchase price	\$ 3,334

The Company has assigned the goodwill to the consolidated entity. Other identifiable definite lived intangible assets were assigned a total weighted average amortization period of 7.0 years. TSR has been included in the Company's consolidated results of operations subsequent to the acquisition date. Pro forma results of operations for TSR have not been presented because they are not material to the consolidated results of operations. In connection with the acquisition, the Company incurred and expensed costs of approximately \$0.1 million, which included legal, accounting and other third-party expenses related to the transaction.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following is a discussion of the Company's financial condition as of June 30, 2016, and results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. The following discussion may be understood more fully by reference to the consolidated financial statements, notes to the consolidated financial statements, and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Certain statements contained in this report may be deemed to be forward-looking statements as defined by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and the Company intends that such forward-looking statements be subject to the safe-harbor created thereby. Such forward-looking statements may relate to, among other things: our strategies relating to our Axon business; future income trends and our ability to realized deferred tax assets; our belief that customers will honor multi-year contracts despite the existence of appropriations (or similar) clauses; the sufficiency and availability of our liquid assets and capital resources; our litigation strategy, including the outcome of legal proceedings in which we are currently involved; future trends relating to Axon margins; that we may have more sales and expenses denominated in foreign currencies in the remainder of 2016; that we may make further repurchases of our common stock; our estimated effective tax rate for full year 2016; that we may engage in currency hedging activities; and the impact of recently adopted and future accounting standards. We caution that these statements are qualified by important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected by the forward looking statements herein. Such factors include, but are not limited to: the adverse effect of the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union; market acceptance of our products; our dependence on sales of our TASER X26P and X2 CEWs; our ability to design, introduce and sell new products; delays in development schedules; rapid technological change and competition; product defects; breach of our security measures resulting in unauthorized access to customer data; outages and disruptions relating to our Evidence.com service; budgetary and political constraints of prospects and customers; the length of our sales cycle and our ability to realize benefits from our marketing and selling efforts; our exposure to cancellations of government contracts due to appropriation clauses; changes in civil forfeiture laws; the long-term revenue recognition cycle for our SaaS Evidence.com product; our reliance on third party cloud-based storage providers; litigation risks resulting from alleged product-related injuries and media publicity concerning allegations of deaths occurring after use of the TASER device and the negative impact this publicity could have on sales; the outcome of pending or future litigation; our ability to protect our intellectual property as well as intellectual property infringement claims and relating litigation costs; our successful identification of existing intellectual property rights that might infringe on our developments; competition in foreign countries relating to our inability to protect our patents; risks of governmental regulations, including regulations of our products by the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission, regulation of our products as a "crime control" product by the Federal government, state and local government regulation and foreign regulation and the adverse effects that could result from our products being classified as firearms by the United States Bureau of Alcohol and Firearms; regulatory and political challenges presented by international markets; our compliance with regulations governing the environment, including but not limited to, regulations within the European Union; regulations relating to voice, data and communications services; regulations relating to conflict minerals; our dependence on third party suppliers for key components of our products; component shortages; rising costs of raw materials and transportation relating to petroleum prices; that we may experience declines in gross margins due to a shift in product sales from CEW to Axon devices; our ability to manage our growth and increase manufacturing production to meet demand; establishment and expansion of our direct and indirect distribution channels; our ability to pursue sales directly with customers; risks relating to acquisitions and joint ventures; goodwill impairment; catastrophic events; quarterly fluctuations in our operating results; the adverse effects on our operations and financial results from foreign currency fluctuations; fluctuations in our effective tax rate; counter-party risks relating to cash balances held in excess of FDIC insurance limits; employee retention risks; volatility in our stock price; and other factors identified in documents filed by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including those set forth in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Overview

TASER International, Inc.'s (the "Company" or "TASER" or "we" or "our") core mission is to protect life and to protect truth through technologies that make communities safer. We are the market leader in the development, manufacture and sale of conducted electrical weapons ("CEWs") and other electronic weapons designed for use in law enforcement, military, corrections, private security and personal defense. To address challenges faced by law enforcement officers subsequent to post-incident, we have developed a fully integrated hardware and software solution to provide our law enforcement customers the capabilities to capture, store, manage, share and analyze video and other digital evidence.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015

The following table presents data from our statements of operations as well as the percentage relationship to total net sales of items included in our statements of operations (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,							
		2016		201	5			
Net sales	\$	58,756	100.0 %	\$ 46,713	100.0%			
Cost of products sold and services delivered		21,457	36.5	15,990	34.2			
Gross margin		37,299	63.5	30,723	65.8			
Operating expenses:		•						
Sales, general and administrative		24,379	41.5	15,443	33.1			
Research and development		6,710	11.4	5,906	12.6			
Total operating expenses		31,089	52.9	21,349	45.7			
Income from operations		6,210	10.6	9,374	20.1			
Interest income and other (expense) income, net		(123)	(0.2)	99	0.2			
Income before provision for income taxes		6,087	10.4	9,473	20.3			
Provision for income taxes		2,437	4.1	3,370	7.2			
Net income	\$	3,650	6.2 %	\$ 6,103	13.1%			

Net sales to the U.S. and other countries are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

	 Three Months Ended June 30,								
	2016	i		2015	5				
United States	\$ 52,219	88.9%	\$	38,695	82.8%				
Other Countries	6,537	11.1		8,018	17.2				
Total	\$ 58,756	100.0%	\$	46,713	100.0%				

Net Sales

Net sales by product line were as follows for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,						Dollar	Percent
		201	16		20)15	Change	Change
TASER Weapons segment:								
TASER X26P	\$	14,538	24.7%	\$	13,284	28.4% \$	1,254	9.4 %
TASER X2		14,008	23.8		10,110	21.6	3,898	38.6
TASER X26		1,383	2.4		1,754	3.8	(371)	(21.2)
TASER Pulse and Bolt (F.K.A. TASEI	₹							
C2)		1,055	1.8		472	1.0	583	123.5
TASER M26		53	0.1		168	0.4	(115)	(68.5)
Single cartridges		10,928	18.6		9,231	19.8	1,697	18.4
Extended warranties including TAP		2,306	3.9		1,794	3.8	512	28.5
Other		1,265	2.2		1,012	2.2	253	25.0
TASER Weapons segment		45,536	77.5		37,825	81.0	7,711	20.4
Axon segment:								
Axon Body		2,194	3.7		1,078	2.3	1,116	103.5
Axon Flex		1,521	2.6		1,348	2.9	173	12.8
E-Dock		1,997	3.4		1,066	2.3	931	87.3
Evidence.com		4,887	8.3		2,672	5.7	2,215	82.9
TASER Cam		1,624	2.8		2,008	4.3	(384)	(19.1)
Extended warranties including TAP		776	1.3		343	0.7	433	126.2
Other		221	0.4		373	0.8	(152)	(40.8)
Axon segment		13,220	22.5		8,888	19.0	4,332	48.7
Total net sales	\$	58,756	100.0%	\$	46,713	100.0% \$	12,043	25.8

^{*} Not meaningful

Net unit sales for the TASER Weapons handles and other products and Axon segment products are as follows:

	Three Months End	ded June 30,	Unit	Percent	
	2016	2016 2015		Change	
TASER X26P	16,559	15,041	1,518	10.1 %	
TASER X2	13,479	9,748	3,731	38.3	
TASER X26	700	1,285	(585)	(45.5)	
TASER M26	202	738	(536)	(72.6)	
TASER Pulse and Bolt (F.K.A. TASER C2)	3,020	2,029	991	48.8	
Cartridges	414,828	383,221	31,607	8.2	
Axon Flex	3,668	5,347	(1,679)	(31.4)	
Axon Body	9,686	4,743	4,943	104.2	
E-Dock	3,402	1,701	1,701	100.0	
TASER Cam	3,132	3,995	(863)	(21.6)	

Net sales were \$58.8 million and \$46.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$12.0 million or 25.8%. International revenues were \$6.5 million and \$8.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, a decrease of \$1.5 million or 18.5%.

Net sales for the TASER Weapons segment were \$45.5 million and \$37.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$7.7 million or 20.4%. The increase is primarily attributable to upgrades and continued

adoption of Smart Weapons both domestically and internationally. Sales related to TASER Smart Weapons increased by approximately \$5.2 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2016 as compared to the comparable quarter in 2015. The Company also experienced increased purchases under its installment payment programs; Officer Safety Plan and TASER 60. Additionally, the Company increased cartridge sales by \$1.7 million to \$10.9 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2016 as compared to \$9.2 million during 2015.

Net sales for the Axon segment were \$13.2 million and \$8.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$4.3 million or 48.7%. The overall increase in the Axon segment was driven by continued adoption of on-officer cameras and related technologies, including the Company's Evidence.com digital evidence management software suite. Recognized revenue related to the Company's on-officer cameras and related accessories increased approximately \$2.2 million. The Company is continuing to enter into new contracts with domestic and international agencies seeking to deploy its technologies. Additionally, the Company's delay in shipment of Axon Body 2 Cameras until the end of the first quarter while it finalized quality review of the product, shifted more revenue to the second quarter than the first quarter of 2016. In 2016, the Company continued to see increased recurring revenues related to its long-term Evidence.com arrangements. Evidence.com revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2016 increased \$2.2 million to \$4.9 million as compared to the same period in 2015.

To gain more immediate feedback regarding activity for Axon camera products and Evidence.com services, we also review bookings for these products. We consider bookings to be a statistical measure defined as the sales price of orders (not invoiced sales), net of cancellations, placed in the relevant fiscal period, regardless of when the products or services ultimately will be provided. Some bookings will be invoiced in subsequent years. Due to municipal government funding rules, certain of the future year amounts included in bookings are subject to budget appropriation or other contract cancellation clauses. Although TASER has entered into contracts for the delivery of products and services in the future and anticipates the contracts will be completed, if agencies do not appropriate funds in future year budgets, or enact a cancellation clause, revenue associated with these bookings may not ultimately be recognized, resulting in a future reduction to bookings. Bookings related to Evidence.com and Axon products and services, net of cancellations, were \$72.0 million and \$30.6 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$41.4 million, or 135.2%.

The chart below illustrates the Company's Axon segment quarterly bookings for each of the previous six fiscal quarters (in thousands):



Cost of Products Sold and Services Delivered

Cost of products sold and services delivered was \$21.5 million and \$16.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$5.5 million or 34.2%. As a percentage of net sales, cost of products sold and services delivered increased to 36.5% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to 34.2% during the same period in 2015.

Within the TASER Weapons segment, cost of products sold increased to \$14.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$11.3 million in 2015, and increased as a percentage of sales to 31.8% from 29.8%, respectively. The increase as a percentage of sales in the second quarter of 2016 compared to the same period in 2015 is primarily attributable to higher discounting

under the Company's upgrade programs and installment payment plans. Variable manufacturing costs remained relatively consistent during these periods.

Within the Axon segment, cost of products sold and services delivered increased to \$7.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$4.7 million for the same period in 2015. Cost of products sold and services delivered as a percentage of sales decreased slightly to 52.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from 53.0% for the same period in 2015. The overall increase in costs was driven by higher sales volumes, while the decrease in costs as a percentage of sales is driven by the combination of lower direct manufacturing costs for the Axon Body 2 camera compared to the legacy Axon Body camera coupled with overall improvements to our hardware and Evidence.com SaaS margins. There are a number of fixed costs for the Axon segment which, as we generate additional traction in the business, we expect to remain relatively stable and should allow for lower cost of services delivered as a percentage of service revenue over time.

Gross Margin

Gross margin increased \$6.6 million to \$37.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$30.7 million for 2015. As a percentage of net sales, gross margin decreased to 63.5% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to 65.8% for 2015.

As a percentage of net sales, gross margin for the TASER Weapons segment decreased to 68.2% from 70.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. As a percentage of net sales, gross margin for the Axon segment was 47.3% and 47.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Sales, General and Administrative Expenses

Sales, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses were comprised as follows for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

		Three Months	Ende	ed June 30,	Dollar		Percent	
	2016			2015		Change	Change	
Salaries, benefits and bonus	\$	9,327	\$	5,626	\$	3,701	65.8 %	
Stock-based compensation		1,459		925		534	57.7	
Legal, professional and accounting		1,901		1,279		622	48.6	
Sales and marketing		3,520		2,117		1,403	66.3	
Consulting and lobbying services		2,425		1,471		954	64.9	
Travel and meals		2,068		1,592		476	29.9	
Building		889		902		(13)	(1.4)	
Supplies		1,143		582		561	96.4	
Other		1,647		949		698	73.6	
Total sales, general and administrative expenses	\$	24,379	\$	15,443	\$	8,936	57.9	
Sales, general, and administrative as a percentage of net sales		41.5%		33.1%				

SG&A expenses were \$24.4 million and \$15.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$8.9 million or 57.9%. As a percentage of total net sales, SG&A expenses increased to 41.5% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to 33.1% for the same period in 2015.

SG&A by type and by segment was as follows for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 2015 **Dollar Change** Percent Change TASER Weapons segment: \$ Salaries, benefits and bonus 5,150 21.1% 3,704 24.0% \$ 1,446 39.0 % 207 Stock-based compensation 863 3.5 656 4.2 31.6 Legal, professional and accounting 1,566 6.4 1,276 8.3 290 22.7 2,102 1,169 7.6 933 79.8 Sales and marketing 8.6 Consulting and lobbying services 987 4.0 996 6.4 (9)(0.9)Travel and meals 964 4.0 893 5.8 71 8.0 Other 3,052 12.5 2,129 923 43.4 13.8 TASER Weapons segment 14,684 60.2 10,823 70.1 3,861 35.7 Axon segment: 17.1 1,922 12.4 2,255 Salaries, benefits and bonus 4,177 117.3 596 2.4 269 1.7 327 Stock-based compensation 121.6 Legal, professional and accounting 335 1.4 3 0.0 332 948 470 Sales and marketing 1,418 5.8 6.1 49.6 Consulting and lobbying services 1,438 5.9 475 3.1 963 202.7 4.5 699 4.5 405 57.9 Travel and meals 1,104 Other 627 2.6 304 2.0 323 106.3 Axon segment 9,695 39.8 4,620 29.9 5,075 109.8 24,379 100.0% 15,443 100.0% 8,936 Total sales, general and administrative expenses 57.9

Within the TASER Weapons segment, SG&A increased \$3.9 million, or 35.7%, to \$14.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to \$10.8 million for three months ended June 30, 2015. Salaries, benefits and bonus along with stock compensation increased approximately \$1.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 2015 as the Company continued its efforts to build out international and direct sales teams internally along with the related support staff during the current quarter. Sales and marketing expenses for the TASER Weapons segment increased approximately \$0.9 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 2015 primarily related to higher variable commissions on increased sales during the period.

Within the Axon segment, SG&A increased \$5.1 million, or 109.8%, to \$9.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to \$4.6 million for the same period in 2015. Salaries, benefits and bonus along with stock compensation increased approximately \$2.6 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 2015 as the Company continues to hire additional sales and marketing personnel and general support staff to extend its market leadership position in the on-officer camera and digital evidence management space as well as to ensure the appropriate infrastructure is in place for scalable growth. The increase in sales and marketing personnel also related to an increase in travel and meals of \$0.4 million during this period. The increase in sales and marketing of \$0.5 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 2015 was due primarily to increased commissions on higher sales. The Company has increased its lobbying efforts during the three months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 2015 resulting in higher consulting and lobbying services expense of \$1.0 million. This effort is aimed at increasing awareness and brand recognition of the Company's Axon platform. The increase in legal fees of \$0.3 million relates to the on-going patent litigation suit filed by a competitor of the Company (see Note 10).

^{*} Not meaningful

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses ("R&D") expenses were comprised as follows for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Dollar	Percent	
	2016			2015		Change	Change	
Salaries, benefits and bonus	\$	3,851	\$	3,184	\$	667	20.9 %	
Stock-based compensation		777		665		112	16.8	
Legal, professional and accounting		30		182		(152)	(83.5)	
Sales and marketing		94		13		81	623.1	
Consulting and lobbying services		648		685		(37)	(5.4)	
Travel and meals		301		312		(11)	(3.5)	
Building		335		226		109	48.2	
Supplies		345		267		78	29.2	
Other		329		372		(43)	(11.6)	
Total research and development expenses	\$	6,710	\$	5,906	\$	804	13.6	
Research and development as a percentage of net sales		11.4%		12.6%				

R&D expenses were \$6.7 million and \$5.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$0.8 million, or 13.6%. As a percentage of net sales, R&D decreased to 11.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to 12.6% for the same period in 2015.

R&D by type and by segment was as follows for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

Three Months Ended June 30,								
		2016			2015		Dollar Change	Percent Change
TASER Weapons segment:								
Salaries, benefits and bonus	\$	419	6.2%	\$	358	6.1%	\$ 61	17.0 %
Stock-based compensation		142	2.1		128	2.2	14	10.9
Legal, professional and accounting		14	0.2		110	1.9	(96)	(87.3)
Sales and marketing		5	0.1		5	0.1	_	_
Consulting and lobbying services		102	1.5		59	1.0	43	72.9
Travel and meals		155	2.3		91	1.5	64	70.3
Other		408	6.1		326	5.5	82	25.2
TASER Weapons segment		1,245	18.6		1,077	18.2	168	15.6
Axon segment:								
Salaries, benefits and bonus		3,432	51.1	\$	2,826	47.8	606	21.4
Stock-based compensation		635	9.5		537	9.1	98	18.2
Legal, professional and accounting		16	0.2		72	1.2	(56)	(77.8)
Sales and marketing		89	1.3		8	0.1	81	*
Consulting and lobbying services		546	8.1		626	10.6	(80)	(12.8)
Travel and meals		146	2.2		221	3.7	(75)	(33.9)
Other		601	9.0		539	9.1	62	11.5
Axon segment		5,465	81.4		4,829	81.8	636	13.2
Total research and development expenses	\$	6,710	100.0%	\$	5,906	100.0%	\$ 804	13.6

The Company's Axon segment was responsible for over 80% of the increase in R&D. Of the \$0.6 million increase in R&D for the Axon segment, \$0.7 million related to salaries and benefits, inclusive of stock-based compensation. The increase in sales and marketing of \$0.1 million relates to contractual earn-outs for legacy MediaSolv employees, who work in R&D, that are recorded as commissions expense, as they are tied to executed sales contracts. MediaSolv was acquired during the second quarter of 2015, so minimal expense was recorded during that period. The Company remains focused on growing the Axon segment as it adds headcount and external resources to develop new products and services to further advance its scalable cloud-connected device platform.

Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes was \$2.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, which was an effective tax rate of 40.0%. Our estimated full year effective income tax rate for 2016, before discrete period adjustments, is approximately 37.8%, which is more than the statutory rate primarily due to state taxes and non-deductible expenses for items such as meals and entertainment and lobbying fees, and is also impacted by losses projected in certain foreign jurisdictions. The Company has completed the full implementation of its new international structure, which began in 2015. In accounting for the income tax effects of this new structure, the Company has recognized income tax expense in the current quarter based on the results it expects for the full year. Actual results could be different, impacting the Company's income tax expense in future quarters. The Company has chosen this method, from among those available to it, because of its expectation that it will produce the least amount of variability during the year.

Net Income

Our net income decreased by \$2.5 million to \$3.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$6.1 million for the same period in 2015. Net income per basic and diluted share was \$0.07 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$0.11 per basic and diluted share for the same period in 2015.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

The following table presents data from our statements of operations as well as the percentage relationship to total net sales of items included in our statements of operations (dollars in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,								
		2010	5	201	2015				
Net sales		114,286	100.0 %	\$ 91,475	100.0%				
Cost of products sold and services delivered		40,085	35.1	30,884	33.8				
Gross margin		74,201	64.9	60,591	66.2				
Operating expenses:									
Sales, general and administrative		49,212	43.1	30,008	32.8				
Research and development		13,637	11.9	10,464	11.4				
Total operating expenses		62,849	55.0	40,472	44.2				
Income from operations		11,352	9.9	20,119	22.0				
Interest income and other (expense) income, net		(5)	0.0	34	0.0				
Income before provision for income taxes		11,347	9.9	20,153	22.0				
Provision for income taxes		4,234	3.7	6,845	7.5				
Net income	\$	7,113	6.2 %	\$ 13,308	14.5%				

Net sales to the U.S. and other countries are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

	 Six Months Ended June 30,								
	2010	6		2015	;				
United States	\$ 94,687	82.9%	\$	74,196	81.1%				
Other Countries	19,599	17.1		17,279	18.9				
Total	\$ 114,286	100.0%	\$	91,475	100.0%				

Net Sales

Net sales by product line were as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

			Dollar	Percent			
		2016		20	15	Change	Change
TASER Weapons segment:							
TASER X26P	\$	33,314	29.1%	\$ 28,356	31.0% \$	4,958	17.5 %
TASER X2		23,622	20.7	18,637	20.4	4,985	26.7
TASER X26		2,781	2.4	4,223	4.6	(1,442)	(34.1)
TASER Pulse and Bolt (F.K.A. TASE	ER						
C2)		1,597	1.4	961	1.1	143	14.9
TASER M26		200	0.2	322	0.4	(122)	(37.9)
Single cartridges		23,115	20.2	18,233	19.9	4,882	26.8
Extended warranties including TAP		4,457	3.9	2,822	3.1	1,635	57.9
Other		2,284	2.0	2,612	2.9	(328)	(12.6)
TASER Weapons segment		91,370	79.9	76,166	83.3	15,204	20.0
Axon segment:							
Axon Body		3,677	3.2	2,289	2.5	1,388	60.6
Axon Flex		2,443	2.1	2,593	2.8	(150)	(5.8)
E-Dock		2,485	2.2	1,879	2.1	606	32.3
Evidence.com		9,477	8.3	4,591	5.0	4,886	106.4
TASER Cam		2,615	2.3	2,986	3.3	(371)	(12.4)
Extended warranties including TAP		1,419	1.2	637	0.7	782	122.8
Other		800	0.7	334	0.4	466	139.5
Axon segment		22,916	20.1	15,309	16.7	7,607	49.7
Total net sales	\$	114,286	100.0%	\$ 91,475	100.0% \$	22,811	24.9

^{*} Not meaningful

Net unit sales for the TASER Weapons handles and other products and Axon segment products are as follows:

	Six Months Ende	d June 30,	Unit	Percent
	2016	2015	Change	Change
TASER X26P	35,126	32,287	2,839	8.8 %
TASER X2	22,216	17,474	4,742	27.1
TASER X26	1,521	3,523	(2,002)	(56.8)
TASER M26	736	1,243	(507)	(40.8)
TASER Pulse and Bolt (F.K.A. TASER C2)	4,586	3,984	602	15.1
Cartridges	879,985	753,881	126,104	16.7
Axon Flex	6,065	9,162	(3,097)	(33.8)
Axon Body	15,884	10,603	5,281	49.8
E-Dock	4,804	3,479	1,325	38.1
TASER Cam	5,137	6,106	(969)	(15.9)

Net sales were \$114.3 million and \$91.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$22.8 million or 24.9%. Net sales for the TASER Weapons segment were \$91.4 million and \$76.2 million for six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$15.2 million or 20.0%. Net sales for the Axon segment were \$22.9 million and \$15.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$7.6 million or 49.7%.

The increase in net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to same period in 2015 in the TASER Weapons segment was primarily attributable to upgrades and continued adoption of Smart Weapons both domestically and internationally. The Company received increased purchases under its installment payment programs; Officer Safety Plan and TASER 60. Additionally, the Company experienced growth in cartridge sales increasing \$4.9 million to \$23.1 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to \$18.2 million during 2015. The overall increase in the Axon segment was driven by continued adoption of on-officer cameras and related technology. The Company continued to see increased recurring revenues related to its long-term Evidence.com arrangements. Revenues related to Evidence.com services increased \$4.9 million to \$9.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$4.6 million during the same period in 2015

Cost of Products Sold and Services Delivered

Cost of products sold and services delivered was \$40.1 million and \$30.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$9.2 million or 29.8%. As a percentage of net sales, cost of products sold and services delivered decreased to 35.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to 33.8% during the same period in 2015.

Within the TASER Weapons segment, cost of products sold increased \$6.2 million, or 27.8%, to \$28.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to \$22.4 million in 2015, but increased as a percentage of sales to 31.3% from 29.4%. This increase is primarily attributable to higher discounting under the Company's upgrade programs and installment payment plans. Variable manufacturing costs remained relatively consistent during these periods.

Within the Axon segment, cost of products sold and services delivered were \$11.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, an increase of \$3.0 million, or 35.1% from the same period in 2015. The overall increase in costs was driven by higher sales volumes, while the decrease in costs as a percentage of sales is driven by the combination of lower direct manufacturing costs for the Axon Body 2 camera compared to the legacy Axon Body camera coupled with overall improvements to our hardware and Evidence.com SaaS margins. There are a number of fixed costs for the Axon segment which, as we generate additional traction in the business, we expect to remain relatively stable and should allow for lower cost of services delivered as a percentage of service revenue over time.

Gross Margin

Gross margin increased \$13.6 million to \$74.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$60.6 million for 2015. As a percentage of net sales, gross margin decreased to 64.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to 66.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2015. As a percentage of net sales, gross margin for the TASER Weapons segment was 68.7% and 70.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, while the same measure for these periods for the Axon segment were 49.7% and 44.3%, respectively.

Sales, General and Administrative Expenses

Sales, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses were comprised as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	Six Months Ended June 30,					Dollar	Percent	
	2016 2015			Change	Change			
Salaries, benefits and bonus	\$	19,001	\$	10,989	\$	8,012	72.9%	
Stock-based compensation		2,849		1,858		991	53.3	
Legal, professional and accounting		3,574		2,744		830	30.2	
Sales and marketing		8,327		4,322		4,005	92.7	
Consulting and lobbying services		4,648		2,641		2,007	76.0	
Travel and meals		4,087		2,864		1,223	42.7	
Building		1,873		1,676		197	11.8	
Supplies		2,081		1,138		943	82.9	
Other		2,772		1,776		996	56.1	
Total sales, general and administrative expenses	\$	49,212	\$	30,008	\$	19,204	64.0	
Sales, general, and administrative as a percentage of net sales		43.1%		32.8%				

SG&A expenses were \$49.2 million and \$30.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$19.2 million or 64.0%. As a percentage of total net sales, SG&A expenses increased to 43.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to 32.8% for the same period in 2015.

SG&A by type and by segment was as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

		2016		2015		Dollar Change	Percent Change
TASER Weapons segment:							
Salaries, benefits and bonus	\$	10,870	22.1%	\$ 7,599	25.3%	\$ 3,271	43.0%
Stock-based compensation		1,621	3.3	1,308	4.4	313	23.9
Legal, professional and accounting		3,205	6.5	2,702	9.0	503	18.6
Sales and marketing		4,770	9.7	2,403	8.0	2,367	98.5
Consulting and lobbying services		2,220	4.5	1,678	5.6	542	32.3
Travel and meals		1,909	3.9	1,645	5.5	264	16.0
Other		5,361	10.9	4,193	14.0	1,168	27.9
TASER Weapons segment		29,956	60.9	21,528	71.7	8,428	39.1
Axon segment:							
Salaries, benefits and bonus		8,131	16.5	3,390	11.3	4,741	139.9
Stock-based compensation		1,228	2.5	550	1.8	678	123.3
Legal, professional and accounting		369	0.7	42	0.1	327	778.6
Sales and marketing		3,557	7.2	1,919	6.4	1,638	85.4
Consulting and lobbying services		2,428	4.9	963	3.2	1,465	152.1
Travel and meals		2,178	4.4	1,219	4.1	959	78.7
Other		1,365	2.8	397	1.3	968	243.8
Axon segment		19,256	39.1	8,480	28.3	10,776	127.1
Total sales, general and administrative expenses	\$	49,212	100.0%	\$ 30,008	100.0%	\$ 19,204	64.0

Within the TASER Weapons segment, SG&A increased \$8.4 million , or 39.1% , to \$30.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to \$21.5 million for six months ended June 30, 2015 . Salaries, benefits and bonus along with stock

compensation increased approximately \$3.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 2015 as the Company continued its efforts to build out international and direct sales teams internally along with the related support staff. Sales and marketing expenses for the TASER Weapons segment increased approximately \$2.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 2015 primarily related to higher variable commissions on increased sales during the period. The Company incurred higher legal and professional fees during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 2015 primarily attributable to the growth internationally and the setting up of new international subsidiaries.

Within the Axon segment, SG&A increased \$10.8 million, or 127.1%, to \$19.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to \$8.5 million for the same period in 2015. Salaries, benefits and bonus along with stock compensation increased approximately \$5.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 2015 as the Company continues to hire additional sales and marketing personnel and general support staff to extend its market leadership position in the on-officer camera and digital evidence management space as well as to ensure the appropriate infrastructure is in place for scalable growth. The increase in sales and marketing personnel also related to an increase in travel and meals of \$1.0 million during this period. The increase in sales and marketing of \$1.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 2015 was due primarily to increased commissions on higher sales. The Company has increased its lobbying efforts during the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 2015 resulting in higher consulting and lobbying services expense of \$1.5 million. This effort is aimed at increasing awareness and brand recognition of the Company's Axon platform.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses were comprised as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

		Six Months I	Ended J	une 30,	Dollar	Percent	
	2016 2015			2015	Change	Change	
Salaries, benefits and bonus	\$	7,701	\$	5,765	\$ 1,936	33.6 %	
Stock-based compensation		1,507		1,206	301	25.0	
Legal, professional and accounting		126		427	(301)	(70.5)	
Sales and marketing		518		43	475	*	
Consulting and lobbying services		1,267		1,169	98	8.4	
Travel and meals		492		451	41	9.1	
Building		703		356	347	97.5	
Supplies		631		449	182	40.5	
Other		692		598	94	15.7	
Total research and development expenses	\$	13,637	\$	10,464	\$ 3,173	30.3	
Research and development as a percentage of net sales		11.9%		11.4%			

^{*} Not meaningful

R&D expenses were \$13.6 million and \$10.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, an increase of \$3.2 million, or 30.3%. As a percentage of net sales, R&D increased to 11.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to 11.4% for the same period in 2015.

R&D by type and by segment was as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	 2016		2015		Dollar Change	Percent Change		
TASER Weapons segment:								
Salaries, benefits and bonus	\$ 713	5.2%	\$ 919	8.8%	\$ (206)	(22.4)%		
Stock-based compensation	285	2.1	184	1.8	101	54.9		
Legal, professional and accounting	98	0.7	204	1.9	(106)	(52.0)		
Sales and marketing	5	0.0	14	0.1	(9)	(64.3)		
Consulting and lobbying services	338	2.5	185	1.8	153	82.7		
Travel and meals	192	1.4	131	1.3	61	46.6		
Other	734	5.4	630	6.0	104	16.5		
TASER Weapons segment	2,365	17.3	2,267	21.7	98	4.3		
Axon segment:								
Salaries, benefits and bonus	6,988	51.2	\$ 4,846	46.3	2,142	44.2		
Stock-based compensation	1,222	9.0	1,022	9.8	200	19.6		
Legal, professional and accounting	28	0.2	223	2.1	(195)	(87.4)		
Sales and marketing	513	3.8	29	0.3	484	*		
Consulting and lobbying services	929	6.8	984	9.4	(55)	(5.6)		
Travel and meals	300	2.2	320	3.1	(20)	(6.3)		
Other	1,292	9.5	773	7.4	519	67.1		
Axon segment	11,272	82.7	8,197	78.3	3,075	37.5		
Total research and development expenses	\$ 13,637	100.0%	\$ 10,464	100.0%	\$ 3,173	30.3		

Siv Months Ended June 30

The Company's Axon segment made up essentially the entire increase of R&D. Of the \$3.1 million increase in R&D for the Axon segment, \$2.3 million related to salaries and benefits, inclusive of stock-based compensation. The Company remains focused on growing the Axon segment as it adds headcount and external resources to develop new products and services to further advance its scalable cloud-connected device platform. The increase in sales and marketing of \$0.5 million relates to contractual earn-outs for legacy MediaSolv employees, who work in R&D, that are recorded as commissions expense, as they are tied to executed sales contracts. MediaSolv was acquired during the second quarter of 2015, so minimal expense was recorded during that period. Other expenses increased \$0.5 million, and includes costs such as supplies, building related expenses and general operating expenses, which have increased due to higher employee head-count during 2016 as compared to 2015.

Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes was \$4.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016, which was an effective tax rate of 37.3%. Our estimated full year effective income tax rate for 2016, before discrete period adjustments, is approximately 37.8%, which is more than the statutory rate primarily due to state taxes and non-deductible expenses for items such as meals and entertainment and lobbying fees, and is also impacted by losses projected in certain foreign jurisdictions. The Company has completed the full implementation of its new international structure, which began in 2015. In accounting for the income tax effects of this new structure, the Company has recognized income tax expense in the current quarter based on the results it expects for the full year. Actual results could be different, impacting the Company's income tax expense in future quarters. The Company has chosen this method, from among those available to it, because of its expectation that it will produce the least amount of variability during the year.

Net Income

Our net income decreased by \$6.2 million to \$7.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 compared to \$13.3 million for the same period in 2015. Net income per basic and diluted share was \$0.13 for the six months ended June 30, 2016, compared to \$0.25 and \$0.24 per basic and diluted share, respectively, for the same period in 2015.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Net Sales

Net sales by product line were as follows for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and March 31, 2016 (dollars in thousands):

		Three Mon June 30		Three Mont March 3		Dollar Change	Percent Change
TASER Weapons segment:							
TASER X26P	\$	14,538	24.7%	\$ 18,776	33.8%	\$ (4,238)	(22.6)%
TASER X2		14,008	23.8	9,614	17.3	4,394	45.7
TASER X26		1,383	2.4	1,398	2.5	(15)	(1.1)
TASER Pulse and Bolt (F.K.A. TASE) C2)	R	1,055	1.8	542	1.0	513	94.6
TASER M26		53	0.1	147	0.3	(94)	(63.9)
Single cartridges		10,928	18.6	12,187	21.9	(1,259)	(10.3)
Extended warranties including TAP		2,306	3.9	2,151	3.9	155	7.2
Other		1,265	2.2	1,019	1.8	246	24.1
TASER Weapons segment		45,536	77.5	45,834	82.5	(298)	(0.7)
Axon segment:							
Axon Body		2,194	3.7	1,483	2.7	711	47.9
Axon Flex		1,521	2.6	922	1.7	599	65.0
E-Dock		1,997	3.4	488	0.9	1,509	309.2
Evidence.com		4,887	8.3	4,590	8.3	297	6.5
TASER Cam		1,624	2.8	991	1.8	633	63.9
Extended warranties including TAP		776	1.3	643	1.2	133	20.7
Other		221	0.4	579	1.0	(358)	(61.8)
Axon segment		13,220	22.5	9,696	17.5	3,524	36.3
Total net sales	\$	58,756	100.0%	\$ 55,530	100.0%	\$ 3,226	5.8

Net unit sales for the TASER Weapons handles and other products and Axon segment products are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2016	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	Unit Change	Percent Change
TASER X26P	16,559	18,567	(2,008)	(10.8)%
TASER X2	13,479	8,737	4,742	54.3
TASER X26	700	821	(121)	(14.7)
TASER M26	202	534	(332)	(62.2)
TASER Pulse and Bolt (F.K.A. TASER C2)	3,020	1,566	1,454	92.8
Cartridges	414,828	465,157	(50,329)	(10.8)
Axon Flex	3,668	2,397	1,271	53.0
Axon Body	9,686	6,198	3,488	56.3
E-Dock	3,402	1,402	2,000	142.7
TASER Cam	3,132	2,005	1,127	56.2

Net sales were \$58.8 million and \$55.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and March 31, 2016, respectively, an increase of \$3.2 million or 5.8%. Net sales for the TASER Weapons segment were \$45.5 million and \$45.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and March 31, 2016, respectively, a decrease of \$0.3 million or 0.7%. International revenues decreased \$6.5 million or 50.0% in the current quarter to \$6.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from \$13.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2016. The decrease during the second quarter of 2016 was primarily related to a single large

international order of approximately \$6.0 million completed during this first quarter. This decrease was partially offset by higher domestic sales, specifically a large single order of approximately \$4.0 million.

Net sales for the Axon segment were \$13.2 million and \$9.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and March 31, 2016 respectively, an increase of \$3.5 million or 36.3%. The overall increase in the Axon segment is still driven by continued adoption of on-officer cameras and related technology. Additionally, the Company's delay in shipment of Axon Body 2 Cameras until the end of the first quarter while it finalized quality review of the product, which shifted more revenue to the second quarter than the first quarter of 2016.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Summary

As of June 30, 2016, we had \$91.6 million of cash, cash equivalents and investments, a decrease of \$26.7 million from the end of 2015.

Cash Flows

The following table summarizes our cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities (in thousands):

	 Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2016		2015			
Operating activities	\$ 10,336	\$	10,969			
Investing activities	1,646		(27,196)			
Financing activities	(34,520)		8,133			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	318		81			
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (22,220)	\$	(8,013)			

Operating activities

Net cash provided by operating activities in the first six months of 2016 of \$10.3 million consisted of \$7.1 million in net income impacted by the net increase of non-cash income statement items totaling \$6.2 million and decrease of \$3.0 million for the net change in operating assets and liabilities. Included in the noncash items were \$1.8 million in depreciation and amortization expense, \$4.5 million in stock-based compensation expense and \$0.7 million of bond premium amortization. These non-cash impacts were partially offset by deferred income tax expense of \$1.4 million. Changes in operating assets and liabilities resulted in a net decrease to cash provided by operating activities of \$3.0 million. The most significant component of this decrease related to increases in prepaid expenses and other assets of prepaid expenses and other assets of \$14.7 million. This increase was primarily driven by \$3.6 million of restricted cash related to a customer contract requiring certain contractual payments to be deposited in escrow, increases in long-term receivables of \$3.2 million related to the Company's Officer Safety Plan and TASER 60 purchase programs, a \$2.6 million increase in income taxes receivable, increased prepaid commissions of \$1.5 million related to higher sales, and \$1.0 million related to increases in prepaid software licenses and related maintenance arrangements. Cash from operations also decreased due to increases in accounts and notes receivable of \$3.2 million driven by higher sales and increases in inventory of \$6.7 million as the Company continues to invest in anticipation of higher future sales. These decreases were partially offset by increases in accounts payable, accrued and other liabilities of \$5.1 million along with increases in deferred revenue and customer deposits of \$15.8 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. The increase in deferred revenue and deposits was primarily driven by the continued adoption of Axon products and services that are typically invoiced at inception of the contract, and recognized over the duration of the contract period as hardware and services are delivered. Of the increase in deferred revenue, \$10.1 million resulted from increased hardware deferred revenue along with increased deferred warranty revenue of \$3.9 million, and increased Axon Services, including Evidence.com subscriptions, of \$1.6 million, with the remaining \$0.2 million made up primarily of deferred training revenue.

Net cash provided by operating activities in the first six months of 2015 of \$11.0 million consisted of \$13.3 million in net income offset by the net decrease of non-cash income statement items totaling \$1.5 million and decrease of \$0.8 million for the net change in operating assets and liabilities. Included in the non-cash items were \$1.4 million in depreciation and amortization expense, \$3.2 million in stock-based compensation expense and \$0.8 million of bond premium amortization. These additions were offset by an \$6.2 million reduction related to excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation that is treated as a financing activity for cash flow purposes. The most significant increases to the portion of cash from operating activities related to the changes in operating assets and liabilities were a \$5.6 million decrease in accounts receivable, an increase in deferred revenue of \$3.1 million, and change in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other liabilities of \$3.6 million. The increase in deferred revenue is driven by the continued adoption of Axon products and services that are typically invoiced at inception of the contract, and recognized over the duration of the contract period as hardware and services are delivered. Of the increase in deferred revenue, \$3.1 million resulted from increased hardware deferred revenue from TASER Assurance Program sales along with increased deferred warranty revenue of \$0.9 million, which was partially offset by a decrease of \$1.0 million related to prepayments for Axon SaaS services. Offsetting these increases in cash from operating activities were increased prepaid expenses and other assets of \$8.2 million and an increase in inventory of \$5.3 million.

Investing activities

We generated \$1.6 million from investing activities during the first six months of 2016. Maturities and calls of investments, net or purchases, were \$3.8 million. The Company invested \$2.1 million in the purchase of property and equipment and intangible assets which partially offset the increase related to net investment activity.

Primarily as a result of investing cash generated from operating activities, we used \$27.2 million for investing activities during the first six months of 2015. Purchases of investments, net of calls and maturities, were \$17.4 million. In May, the Company acquired the net assets MediaSolv for an aggregate purchase price of \$8.8 million including \$7.8 million of cash. The Company also invested \$2.0 million in the purchase of property and equipment and intangible assets, excluding the assets acquired in the MediaSolv acquisition.

Financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$34.5 million during the first six months of 2016. During the first six months of 2016, the Company repurchased \$33.7 million of the Company's common stock, reflecting a weighted average cost of \$18.92 per share, inclusive of applicable administrative costs for the transactions. Additionally, the Company paid payroll taxes of \$1.0 million on behalf of employees who net-settled stock awards during the period.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$8.1 million during the first six months of 2015. This was comprised primarily of \$2.6 million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options and \$6.2 million of excess tax benefit from stock proceeds offset by \$0.6 million of payroll taxes funded by the Company on behalf of employees who net-settled stock awards during the period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our most significant sources of liquidity continue to be funds generated by operating activities and available cash and cash equivalents. In addition, our \$10.0 million revolving credit facility is available for additional working capital needs or investment opportunities. Under the terms of the line of credit, available borrowings are reduced by outstanding letters of credit. The line is secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company, and bears interest at varying rates, currently LIBOR plus 1.5% or Prime less 0.75%. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, there were no borrowings under the line. As of June 30, 2016, we had letters of credit outstanding of \$3.0 million, leaving the net amount available for borrowing of approximately \$7.0 million. The facility matures on July 31, 2017.

Our agreement with the bank requires us to comply with certain financial and other covenants including maintenance of a maximum leverage ratio and minimum fixed charge coverage ratio. The leverage ratio (ratio of total liabilities to tangible net worth) can be no greater than 1:1, and the fixed charge coverage ratio can be no less than 1.25:1, based upon a trailing twelve -month period. At June 30, 2016, the Company's leverage ratio was 0.80:1 and its fixed charge coverage ratio was 2.24:1. Accordingly, the Company was in compliance with these covenants.

Based on our strong balance sheet and the fact that we only had approximately \$0.1 million of total long-term debt and capital lease obligations at June 30, 2016, we believe financing will be available, both through our existing credit line and possible additional financing. However, there is no assurance that such funding will be available on terms acceptable to us, or at all.

We believe funds generated from our expected results of operations, as well as available cash and investments, will be sufficient to finance our operations and strategic initiatives for the remainder of 2016 and the foreseeable future. From time to time, our board of directors considers repurchases of our common stock. Further repurchases of our common stock may take place

on the open market, may be financed with available cash and are subject to board authorization as well as market and business conditions.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The discussion of off-balance sheet arrangements in Note 10 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements included in PART I, ITEM I of this Form 10-Q is incorporated by reference herein.

Critical Accounting Estimates

We have identified the following accounting estimates as critical to our business operations and the understanding of our results of operations. The preparation of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. While we don't believe that a change in these estimates is reasonably likely, there can be no assurance that our actual results will not differ from these estimates. The effect of these estimates on our business operations is discussed below.

Product Warranties

The Company warranties its CEWs, Axon cameras and E-Docks from manufacturing defects on a limited basis for a period of one year after purchase and, thereafter, will replace any defective unit for a fee. Estimated costs for our standard warranty are charged to cost of products sold and services delivered when revenue is recorded for the related product. We estimate future warranty costs based on historical data related to returns and warranty costs on a quarterly basis and apply this rate to current product anticipated returns from our customers. We have also historically increased our reserve amount if we become aware of a component failure that could result in larger than anticipated returns from our customers. The accrued warranty liability is reviewed quarterly to evaluate whether it sufficiently reflects the remaining warranty obligations based on the anticipated expenditures over the balance of the warranty obligation period, and adjustments are made when actual warranty claim experience differs from estimates. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, our reserve for warranty returns was approximately \$0.8 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. Warranty expense (recoveries) for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$0.5 million and \$(19,000), respectively, net of costs incurred to service warrantied units. The increase in warranty reserve and related expense as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was primarily driven by additional warranty reserves related to the launch of the Axon Body 2 on-officer body camera, for which the Company has provided a supplemental reserve for uncertainties surrounding potential return rates due to the product being new without a well-established return rate, which is standard with a new product the Company introduces. As the Company continues investing in the development of new technologies it will continue to assess the adequacy of its reserve related to inherent uncertainties with new product offerings.

Revenue related to separately-priced extended warranties is recorded as deferred revenue at its contractual amount and subsequently recognized in net sales on a straight-line basis over the delivery period. Costs related to extended warranties are charged to cost of products sold and services delivered when incurred.

Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost determined using the weighted average cost of raw materials, which approximates the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method, and an allocation of manufacturing labor and overhead costs. The allocation of manufacturing labor and overhead costs includes management's judgments of what constitutes normal capacity of our production facilities and a determination of what costs are considered to be abnormal fixed production costs, which are expensed as current period charges. Provisions are made to reduce excess, obsolete or slow-moving inventories to their net realizable value. These provisions are based on our best estimates after considering historical demand, projected future demand, inventory purchase commitments, industry and market trends and conditions and other factors. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded provisions for excess and obsolete inventory of approximately \$0.7 million compared to recoveries of \$0.1 million during the same period in 2015. The increase for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was driven by analyses looking at projected sales data for existing products and making a corresponding adjustment to state inventories at their lower of cost or market. No specific product or product lines made up a meaningful portion of the overall increase.

Revenue Recognition, Deferred Revenue and Accounts and Notes Receivable

We derive our revenue from two primary sources: (1) the sale of physical products, including our CEWs, Axon cameras, corresponding hardware extended warranties, and related accessories such as E-docks, cartridges and batteries, and (2) subscription to our Evidence.com digital evidence management SaaS (including data storage fees and other ancillary services), which includes varying levels of support. To a lesser extent, we also recognize training and other revenue. Revenue is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, title has transferred, the price is fixed and collectability is reasonably assured. Contractual arrangements may contain explicit customer acceptance provisions, and under such arrangements, the Company defers recognition of revenue until formal customer acceptance is received. Extended warranty revenue, SaaS revenue and related data storage revenue are recognized ratably over the term of the contract beginning on the commencement date of each contract.

Revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables are divided into separate units and revenue is allocated using the relative selling price method based upon vendor-specific objective evidence of selling price or third-party evidence of the selling prices if vendor-specific objective evidence of selling prices does not exist. If neither vendor-specific objective evidence nor third-party evidence exists, management uses its best estimate of selling price. The majority of the Company's allocations of arrangement consideration under multiple element arrangements are performed using vendor-specific objective evidence by utilizing prices charged to customers for deliverables when sold separately. The Company's multiple element arrangements may include future CEWs and/or Axon devices to be delivered at defined points within a multi-year contract, and in those arrangements, the Company allocates total arrangement consideration over the life of the multi-year contract to future deliverables using management's best estimate of selling price. The Company has not utilized third party evidence of selling price.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the composition of revenue recognized from arrangements containing multiple elements and those not containing multiple elements was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2016									Three Months Ended June 30, 2015									
	TASER Weapons Axon			Total			TASER Weapons			ns		Ax	on		Total				
Arrangements with multiple elements	\$	7,094	15.6%	\$	10,709	81.0%	\$	17,803	30.3%	\$	1,694		4.5%	\$	6,168	69.4%	\$	7,862	16.8%
Arrangements without multiple elements		38,442	84.4		2,511	19.0		40,953	69.7		36,131	9	5.5		2,720	30.6		38,851	83.2
Total	\$	45,536	100.0%	\$	13,220	100.0%	\$	58,756	100.0%	\$	37,825	10	0.0%	\$	8,888	100.0%	\$	46,713	100.0%

	_	Six Months Ended June 30, 2016									Six Months Ended June 30, 2015											
		TASER W	Veapons		Ax	on	Total					TASER	Wea	pons		Ax	on			To	tal	
Arrangements with multiple elements	\$	11,192	12.2%	\$	18,186	79.4%	\$	29,378		25.7%	\$	3,279		4.3%	\$	10,726		70.1%	\$	14,005		15.3%
Arrangements without multiple elements		80,178	87.8		4,730	20.6		84,908		74.3		72,887		95.7		4,583		29.9		77,470		84.7
Total	\$	91,370	100.0%	\$	22,916	100.0%	\$	114,286		100.0%	\$	76,166		100.0%	\$	15,309		100.0%	\$	91,475		100.0%

Evidence.com, Axon cameras and related accessories are sometimes sold separately, but in most instances are sold together. In these instances, customers typically purchase and pay for the equipment and one year of Evidence.com in advance. Additional years of service are generally billed annually over a specified service term, which has typically ranged from one to five years. Axon equipment represents a deliverable that is provided to the customer at the time of sale, while Evidence.com services are provided over the specified term of the contract. Generally, the Company recognizes revenue for the Axon equipment at the time of the sale consistent with the discussion of multiple deliverable arrangements above. Revenue for Evidence.com is deferred at the time of the sale and recognized over the service period. At times the Company subsidizes the cost of Axon devices provided to customers to secure long-term Evidence.com service contracts. In such circumstances, revenue related to the Axon devices recognized at the time of delivery is limited to the amount collected from the customer that is not contingent upon the delivery of future Evidence.com services. The Company recognizes the remaining allocated revenue related to subsidized Axon devices over the remaining period it provides the contracted Evidence.com services.

Deferred revenue consists of payments received in advance related to products and services for which the criteria for revenue recognition have not yet been met. Deferred revenue that will be recognized during the succeeding twelve month period is recorded as current deferred revenue and the remaining portion is recorded as long-term. Deferred revenue does not include future revenue from multi-year contracts for which no invoice has yet been created. We generally bill customers in annual installments.

Sales are typically made on credit and we generally do not require collateral. We perform ongoing credit evaluations of our customers' financial condition and maintain an allowance for estimated potential losses. Uncollectible accounts are written off when deemed uncollectible, and accounts and notes receivable are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This allowance represents our best estimate and is based on our judgment after considering a number of factors including third-party credit reports, actual payment history, customer-specific financial information and broader market and economic trends and conditions. In the event that actual uncollectible amounts differ from our estimates, additional expense could be necessary.

Valuation of Goodwill, Intangibles and Long-lived Assets

The recoverability of the goodwill is evaluated and tested for impairment at least annually during the fourth quarter or more often, if and when circumstances indicate that goodwill may not be recoverable. Finite-lived intangible assets and other long-lived assets are amortized over their useful lives. We evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the remaining estimated useful life of long-lived assets and intangible assets may warrant revision or that the remaining balance of these assets, including intangible assets with indefinite lives, may not be recoverable.

Circumstances that might indicate long-lived assets might not be recoverable could include, but are not limited to, a change in the product mix, a change in the way products are created, produced or delivered, or a significant change in the way our products are branded and marketed. When performing a review for recoverability, we estimate the future undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition. The amount of the impairment loss, if impairment exists, is calculated based on the excess of the carrying amounts of the assets over their estimated fair value computed using discounted cash flows.

Income Taxes

We recognize federal, state and foreign current tax liabilities or assets based on our estimate of taxes payable or refundable in the current fiscal year by tax jurisdiction. We also recognize federal, state and foreign deferred tax assets or liabilities, as appropriate, for our estimate of future tax effects attributable to temporary differences and carry forwards.

We recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the consolidated financial statements from such positions are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate resolution. Management must also assess whether uncertain tax positions as filed could result in the recognition of a liability for possible interest and penalties if any. We have completed research and development tax credit studies which identified approximately \$12.9 million in tax credits for federal, Arizona and California income tax purposes related to the 2003 through 2016 tax years. Management determined that it was more likely than not that the full benefit of the research and development tax credit would not be sustained on examination and accordingly, has established a liability for unrecognized tax benefits of \$3.5 million as of June 30, 2016. In addition, we established a \$0.1 million liability related to uncertain tax positions for certain state income tax liabilities, for a total unrecognized tax benefit at June 30, 2016 of \$3.6 million. Approximately \$1.5 million of the unrecognized tax benefit associated with research and development credits has been netted against the research and development credit deferred tax asset. Our estimates are based on the information available to us at the time we prepare the income tax provisions. Our income tax returns are subject to audit by federal, state, and local governments, generally years after the returns are filed. These returns could be subject to material adjustments or differing interpretations of the tax laws.

Our calculation of current and deferred tax assets and liabilities is based on certain estimates and judgments and involves dealing with uncertainties in the application of complex tax laws. Our estimates of current and deferred tax assets and liabilities may change based, in part, on added certainty or finality to an anticipated outcome, changes in accounting or tax laws in the U.S. and overseas, or changes in other facts or circumstances. In addition, we recognize liabilities for potential U.S. tax contingencies based on our estimate of whether, and the extent to which, additional taxes may be due. If we determine that payment of these amounts is unnecessary, or if the recorded tax liability is less than our current assessment, we may be required to recognize an income tax benefit, or additional income tax expense, respectively, in our consolidated financial statements.

In preparing our consolidated financial statements, management assesses the likelihood that our deferred tax assets will be realized from future taxable income. In evaluating our ability to recover our deferred income tax assets, management considers all available positive and negative evidence, including operating results, ongoing tax planning and forecasts of future taxable income on a jurisdiction by jurisdiction basis. A valuation allowance is established if we determine that it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the net deferred tax assets will not be realized.

Although management believes that its tax estimates are reasonable, the ultimate tax determination involves significant judgments that could become subject to audit by tax authorities in the ordinary course of business. As of June 30, 2016, the Company would need to generate approximately \$44.0 million of pre-tax book income in the U.S. in order to realize the net

deferred tax assets for which a benefit has been recorded. This estimate considers the reversal of approximately \$11.0 million of taxable temporary differences, which produce \$4.1 million of deferred tax liabilities. The Company has state NOLs which expire at various dates between 2017 and 2031. The Company also has federal NOLs of \$1.5 million which expire between 2023 and 2034, and are subject to limitation under IRC Section 382. The Company has \$43,000 of federal R&D credits which expire in 2022 and 2023, and are also subject to limitation under IRC Section 382. The Company has \$6.1 million of Arizona R&D credits carrying forward, which expire at various dates between 2018 and 2030. In the United Kingdom, the Company has \$3.4 million of NOLs which do not expire.

We anticipate the Company's future income to continue to trend upward from our 2016 results, with sufficient pre-tax book income to realize a large portion of our deferred tax assets. As such, we have not recorded a valuation allowance on our deferred tax assets as of June 30, 2016, with the exception of a reserve of approximately \$2.0 million that has been recorded due to specific income projections in years in which certain tax assets are set to expire.

We consider the earnings of certain non-U.S. subsidiaries to be indefinitely reinvested outside of the United States on the basis of estimates that future domestic cash generation will be sufficient to meet future domestic cash needs and our specific plans for reinvestment of those subsidiary earnings. It is not practicable to estimate the amount of the deferred tax liability, if any, related to investments in those foreign subsidiaries. If we decide to repatriate the foreign earnings, we would need to adjust our income tax provision in the period we determined that the earnings will no longer be indefinitely invested outside the United States.

Stock-Based Compensation

We have historically granted stock-based compensation to key employees and non-employee directors as a means of attracting and retaining quality personnel. We have historically utilized restricted stock units and stock options; however, no stock options have been issued since 2011. The fair value of restricted stock units is estimated as the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant. We estimate the fair value of granted stock options by using the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model, which requires the input of highly subjective assumptions. These assumptions include estimating the length of time employees will retain their stock options before exercising them (expected term), the estimated volatility of our common stock price over the expected term and the number of options that will ultimately not vest (forfeitures). The expense for both restricted stock units and stock options is recorded over the life of the grant, net of forfeitures.

We have granted a total of approximately 1.7 million performance-based awards (options and restricted stock units) of which approximately 0.4 million are outstanding as of June 30, 2016, the vesting of which is contingent upon the achievement of certain performance criteria including the successful development and market acceptance of future product introductions as well as our future sales targets and operating performance. These awards will vest and compensation expense will be recognized based on management's best estimate of the probability of the performance criteria being satisfied using the most currently available projections of future product adoption and operating performance, adjusted at each balance sheet date. Changes in the subjective and probability-based assumptions can materially affect the estimate of fair value of stock-based compensation and consequently, the related amount recognized in our statements of operations.

Contingencies and Accrued Litigation Expense

We are subject to the possibility of various loss contingencies including product-related litigation, arising in the ordinary course of business. We consider the likelihood of loss or impairment of an asset or the incurrence of a liability, as well as our ability to reasonably estimate the amount of loss in determining loss contingencies. An estimated loss contingency is accrued when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. We regularly evaluate current information available to us to determine whether such accruals should be adjusted and whether new accruals are required. Refer to Note 10 of our condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

We typically invest in a limited number of financial instruments, consisting principally of investments in money market accounts, certificates of deposit and corporate and municipal bonds with a typical long-term debt rating of "AA" or better by any nationally recognized statistical rating organization, denominated in U.S. dollars. All of our cash equivalents and investments are treated as "held-to-maturity." Investments in fixed-rate interest-earning instruments carry a degree of interest rate risk as their market value may be adversely impacted due to a rise in interest rates. As a result, we may suffer losses in principal if we sell securities that have declined in market value due to changes in interest rates. However, because we classify our debt securities as "held-to-maturity" based on our intent and ability to hold these instruments to maturity, no gains or losses are recognized due to changes in interest rates. These securities are reported at amortized cost. Based on investment positions as of June 30, 2016, a hypothetical 100 basis point increase across all maturities would result in a \$0.2 million incremental decline in the fair market value of the portfolio. Such losses would only be realized if the Company sold the investments prior to maturity.

Additionally, we have access to a \$10.0 million line of credit borrowing facility which bears interest at varying rates, currently at LIBOR plus 1.5% or Prime less 0.75%. Under the terms of the line of credit, available borrowings are reduced by outstanding letters of credit, which totaled \$3.0 million at June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2016, there was no amount outstanding under the line of credit and the available borrowing under the line of credit was approximately \$7.0 million. We have not borrowed any funds under the line of credit since its inception; however; should we need to do so in the future, such borrowings could be subject to adverse or favorable changes in the underlying interest rate.

Exchange Rate Risk

Our results of operations and cash flows are subject to fluctuations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, in each case compared to the U.S. Dollar, related to transactions by TASER Europe SE, Axon Public Safety UK LTD, Axon Public Safety AU, Axon Public Safety Canada and TASER International BV. To date, we have not engaged in any currency hedging activities, although we may do so in the future. Fluctuations in currency exchange rates could harm our business in the future.

The majority of our sales to international customers are transacted in U.S. dollars and therefore, are not subject to exchange rate fluctuations on these transactions. However, the cost of our products to our customers increases when the U.S. dollar strengthens against their local currency, and the Company may have more sales and expenses denominated in foreign currencies during the remainder of 2016 which would increase its foreign exchange rate risk.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer are responsible for the evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

During the second quarter of fiscal 2016, we identified a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting. A material weakness is defined as a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

During the first six months of fiscal 2016, we identified deficiencies in our internal controls over the identification and recording of liabilities that resulted in the Company recording out-of-period adjustments that should have been recorded in the fourth quarter of 2015. Additionally, during the second quarter of fiscal 2016, we identified deficiencies in our internal controls over revenue recognition and reporting for deferred revenue. These deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting resulted from the lack of certain preventative and detective controls which resulted in the Company not recording these transactions correctly. The timing of the Company's financial close and reporting process has been adversely impacted by the continued growth in both the volume and complexity of transactions, and as such, the aggregation of these deficiencies resulted in a material weakness in our account reconciliations and monitoring processes which resulted in the adjustments noted above.

To remediate the material weakness described above, we are working to design and implement new controls and procedures to properly ensure transactions are identified and recorded timely and accurately. Specifically:

- we continue to add staff to support the growing operations of the Company. Since March 31, 2016, we have added additional resources to our
 revenue accounting and general accounting teams to ensure that we have the knowledge and resources to properly execute revenue recognition in
 accordance with GAAP;
- we are implementing additional internal reporting procedures, including those designed to add depth to our detailed review processes of revenue transactions;
- we are evaluating the implementation of additional system controls that would help prevent data entry errors of transactional information within the Company's general ledger system, as well as adding and refining existing system reports that would help isolate outliers within the Company's transactional data for further review;
- we are improving the communication and coordination among our finance and accounting departments and we have expanded cross-functional involvement and input into period-end accruals; and
- we are in the process of documenting, assessing and testing our internal control over financial reporting as part of our efforts to comply with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

The material weakness will not be considered remediated until the applicable remedial controls operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively. We expect that the remediation of these deficiencies will be completed prior to the end of fiscal year 2016. As remediation has not yet been completed, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2016 at a level that provides reasonable assurance as of the last day of the period covered by this report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Except as noted above, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2016, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The discussion of legal proceedings in Note 10 to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in PART I, ITEM 1 of this Form 10-Q is incorporated by reference herein.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, under the heading "Risk Factors," which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially, adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. Except as disclosed below, there has been no material change in our risk factors as previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 or Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016.

United Kingdom Vote to Exit the European Union

On June 23, 2016, the United Kingdom ("U.K.") held a referendum in which voters approved an exit from the European Union ("E.U."), commonly referred to as "Brexit". As a result of the referendum, it is expected that the British government will begin negotiating the terms of the U.K.'s future relationship with the E.U. Although it is unknown what those terms will be, it is possible that there will be greater restrictions and potential increased costs, as well as increased regulatory complexities. These changes may adversely affect our operations and financial results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

In February 2016, the Company announced that TASER's Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program to acquire up to \$50.0 million of the Company's outstanding common stock subject to stock market conditions and corporate

considerations. The repurchase plan does not have a stated expiration date. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, the Company purchased approximately 1.3 million common shares under the program for a total cost of approximately \$24.8 million, or a weighted average cost of \$18.92 per share. As of June 30, 2016, \$16.2 million remains available under the plan for future purchases. The table below sets forth information regarding repurchases of our common stock by us during the quarter ended June 30, 2016:

Periods	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Ave	rage Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	**				
April 1 - 30, 2016	800,000	\$	18.68	800,000	\$	26,069,000			
May 1 - 31, 2016	512,581		19.22	512,581		16,203,000			
June 1 - 30, 2016	148		21.99	148		16,200,000			
Total	1,312,729		18.92	1,312,729					

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

10.1	TASER International, Inc. 2016 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Annex A of the registrant's definitive proxy statement for the 2016 Annual Meeting of Stockholders filed on April 15, 2016)***		
31.1*	Principal Executive Officer Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a)		
31.2*	Principal Financial Officer Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a)		
32**	Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document		
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document		
101.CAL*	* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document		
101.DEF*	* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document		
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document		
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document		

^{*} Filed herewith

^{**} Furnished herewith

^{***} Indicates management contract or compensatory plan

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TASER INTERNATIONAL, INC.						
Date:	August 9, 2016					
		By:	/s/ PATRICK W. SMITH			
			Chief Executive Officer			
			(Principal Executive Officer)			
Date:	August 9, 2016	Ву:	/s/ DANIEL M. BEHRENDT			
			Chief Financial Officer			
			(Principal Financial and			
			Accounting Officer)			

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) or RULE 15d-14(a) SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Patrick W. Smith, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016 of TASER International, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date:	August 9, 2016	By:	/s/ Patrick W. Smith
			Patrick W. Smith
			Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) or RULE 15d-14(a) SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Daniel M. Behrendt, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016 of TASER International, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date:	August 9, 2016	Ву:	/s/ Daniel M. Behrendt
			Daniel M. Behrendt
			Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of TASER International, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Patrick W. Smith, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Patrick W. Smith

Patrick W. Smith Chief Executive Officer August 9, 2016

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of TASER International, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Daniel M. Behrendt, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Daniel M. Behrendt

Daniel M. Behrendt Chief Financial Officer August 9, 2016