

VARONIS SYSTEMS, INC.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES

(As of February 26, 2015)

The following corporate governance guidelines have been approved and adopted by the Board of Directors (the "**Board**") of Varonis Systems, Inc. (the "**Company**") for the purpose of establishing the corporate governance policies pursuant to which the Board intends to conduct its oversight of the business of the Company in accordance with its fiduciary responsibilities.

1. Role of the Board

The role of the Board is to oversee the performance of the chief executive officer ("**CEO**") and other senior management and to assure that the best interests of stockholders are being served. To satisfy this responsibility, the directors are expected to take a proactive approach to their duties and function as active monitors of corporate management. Accordingly, the directors provide oversight in the formulation of the long term strategic, financial and organizational goals of the Company and of the plans designed to achieve those goals. In addition, the Board reviews and approves standards and policies to ensure that the Company is committed to achieving its objectives through the maintenance of the highest standards of responsible conduct and ethics and to assure that management carries out their day-to-day operational duties in a competent and ethical manner.

The day-to-day business of the Company is carried out by its employees, managers and officers, under the direction of the CEO and the oversight of the Board, to enhance the long term value of the Company for the benefit of stockholders. The Board and management also recognize that creating long term enterprise value is advanced by considering the interests and concerns of other stakeholders, including the Company's employees, customers, creditors and suppliers as well as the community generally.

The Board understands that effective directors act on an informed basis after thorough inquiry and careful review, appropriate in scope to the magnitude of the matter being considered. The directors know their position requires them to ask probing questions of management and outside advisors. The directors also rely on the advice, reports and opinions of management, counsel and expert advisers. In doing so, the Board evaluates the qualifications of those it relies upon for information and advice and also looks to the processes used by managers and advisors in reaching their recommendations. In addition, the Board has the authority to hire outside advisors at the Company's expense if they feel it is appropriate.

2. Selection of Chairman of the Board and CEO

The Board shall fill the Chairman of the Board and CEO positions based upon the Board's view of what is in the best interests of the Company. The CEO and Chairman may, but need not be, the same person.

3. Committees

The Board has three standing committees: the Audit Committee; the Compensation Committee; and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The Board will continue to delegate substantial responsibilities to each committee, and each committee should consist solely of independent directors, as defined by the rules of NASDAQ ("**Nasdaq Rules**"), and in the case of the Audit Committee as defined by the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("**SEC Rules**"). The members of these committees shall also meet the other membership criteria specified in the respective charters for these committees. Additional committees may be formed from time to time as determined by the Board.

4. Assignment of Committee Members

Committees should be appointed (or re-appointed), and chairs of each committee designated, by the full Board, upon recommendation by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, annually. While the composition of the committees of the Board should be looked at each year in making certain that these committees are not stagnant or without fair representation, it is the Board's belief that continuity of experience in the specific functions of these committees provides a significant benefit to the stockholders and to management.

5. Frequency and Length of Committee Meetings

Each committee chair, in consultation with committee members, will determine the frequency and length of meetings of his or her committee, considering all relevant factors such as the committee's mandate, nature of current committee business to be discussed and the like. Moreover, the committee chairmen should feel free to call additional committee meetings at times other than the scheduled meetings of the full Board.

6. Committee Charters and Agendas

Each committee shall have its own charter, which will set forth the purpose, membership requirements, authority and responsibilities of the committee. Annually, the chair of each committee should review the existing committee charter and determine, in consultation with the rest of the committee, whether any amendments are required. Committee charters should be within the scope of authority granted by the Board and should be approved by the Board. The chair of the committee, in consultation with appropriate members of management and staff, should develop the overall annual agenda to the extent it can be foreseen. In addition, each committee chair should prepare an agenda prior to each committee meeting and should consult with appropriate members of management for additional items which should be included in the agenda. Any committee of the Board is authorized to engage its own outside advisors at the Company's expense, including legal counsel or other consultants, as required, provided that the committee shall promptly advise the full Board of such engagement.

7. Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Related Person Transactions and Complaints Process

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall periodically review and approve the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, which is applicable to directors,

officers and employees; consider questions of possible conflicts of interest of directors and corporate officers; review actual and potential conflicts of interest (including corporate opportunities) of directors and corporate officers; and approve or prohibit any involvement of such persons in matters that may involve a conflict of interest or corporate opportunity. Directors may be asked from time to time to leave a Board meeting when the Board is considering a transaction in which the director (or another organization in which the director is a director or officer) has a financial or other interest.

The Audit Committee shall review and approve any proposed related person transactions in compliance with the Company's policies and Nasdaq Rules and must report material related person transactions to the full Board and review and approve the Company's procedures for handling complaints regarding accounting or auditing matters.

8. Board Meetings and Agenda Items

The Board shall have no less than four regularly scheduled meetings each year at which it reviews and discusses leadership continuity, management development, management reports on the performance of the Company, its plans and prospects, as well as more immediate issues facing the Company. The Chairman of the Board will set the agenda for each Board meeting. Each director is free to suggest inclusion of items on the agenda. A representative from the Company's outside counsel may be invited by the Board, when appropriate, to attend all or a portion of Board meetings. The Board will review the Company's long-term strategic plans during at least one Board meeting per year.

9. Board Materials Distributed in Advance

To the extent possible, information and data which is important to the Board's understanding of matters to be discussed at the meeting and the current status of the Company's business should be distributed to the Board a sufficient number of days before the meeting to enable the directors to read and prepare for the meeting.

10. Board, Committee and Stockholder Meetings

Directors are expected to prepare for, attend, and actively participate in all Board and committee meetings. As a general rule, preparation material on specific subjects should be sent to the directors in advance so that the Board meeting time may be conserved and discussion time focused on questions that the Board has about the material. On those occasions when the subject matter is too sensitive to be distributed, the subject will have to be introduced at the meeting. The Company strongly encourages directors to attend the annual meeting of stockholders.

11. Regular Attendance of Management at Board Meetings

It is anticipated that certain members of management (e.g., the Chief Financial Officer, the General Counsel and Secretary and such other members of the executive staff as the CEO may from time to time designate) will attend Board meetings on a regular basis. Other members of management and staff will attend meetings and present reports from time to time. Specifically, the Board encourages management to schedule managers to be present at Board meetings who can provide additional insight into the items being discussed because of personal involvement in these

areas. It is understood that Company personnel and others attending Board meetings may be asked to leave the meeting in order for the Board to meet in executive session.

12. Executive Sessions of Independent Directors and Audit Committee

It is the policy of the Board to regularly have separate meeting times for independent directors without management. Such meetings should be held following regularly scheduled meetings and at such other times as requested by an independent director.

In addition, the Audit Committee of the Board should meet periodically with the Company's outside auditors without management present at such times as it deems appropriate.

13. Board Access to Company Employees

Directors should have full access to members of management, either as a group or individually, and to Company information that they believe is necessary to fulfill their obligations as directors. The directors should use their judgment to ensure that any such contact or communication is not disruptive to the business operations of the Company.

14. Board Compensation Review

The Compensation Committee should conduct an annual review of director compensation. This review will include input from the Company's Human Resources department in order to evaluate director compensation compared to other companies of like size in the industry. Any change in Board compensation should be approved by the full Board.

15. Size of the Board

The size of the Board is established in accordance with the Company's Amended and Restated Bylaws (the "Bylaws"). The size of the Board may vary based upon the size of the business and the availability of qualified candidates. Board size should facilitate active interaction and participation by all directors. The Board will review from time to time the appropriateness of its size.

16. Composition of Board

The Board believes that as a matter of policy there should be a majority of independent directors on the Board. Within that policy, the mix of directors should provide a range of expertise and perspective in areas relevant to the Company's business.

17. Board Definition of "Independence" for Directors

A director shall be considered "independent" for purposes of serving on the Board if he or she meets the criteria for independence established by NASDAQ. A director shall be considered "independent" for purposes of serving on a Board committee based on the definition of independence used in that committee's charter, which shall conform to any requirements established for such a committee by the Nasdaq Rules and any applicable SEC Rules.

18. Board Membership Criteria and Selection

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee should review issues of character, judgment, diversity, age, independence, expertise, corporate experience, length of service, understanding of the Company's business, other commitments and the like, and the composition of the Board in the context of recommending a slate of directors for stockholder approval. Selection of new directors requires recommendation of a candidate by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee to the full Board, which has responsibility for naming new members in the event of a vacancy or expansion of the Board between annual meetings of stockholders.

It is the policy of the Board that the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee consider both recommendations and nominations for candidates to the Board from stockholders so long as such recommendations and nominations comply with the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (the "**Certificate of Incorporation**") and the Bylaws and applicable laws, including the SEC Rules. Stockholders may recommend director nominees for consideration by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee by writing to the Secretary of the Company and providing the information required in the Bylaws. Following verification of the stockholder status of the person submitting the recommendation, all properly submitted recommendations will be promptly brought to the attention of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Stockholders who desire to nominate persons directly for election to the Board at the Company's annual meeting of stockholders must meet the deadlines and other requirements set forth in the Bylaws and the SEC Rules.

19. Notifying a Director of Non-Inclusion on a Proposed Slate of Directors

Any proposal to decrease the size of the Board, or to substitute a new director for an existing director, should be made first by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, then approved by the full Board. After receipt of a recommendation from the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the Chairman of the Board should notify the director of such recommendation prior to the meeting of the Board at which the slate of nominees is proposed to be approved.

20. Assessing Board and Committee Performance

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee should establish an annual process for permitting the Board and each committee to conduct an assessment of its performance during the prior year. This assessment should focus on areas in which the Board or the committees believe contributions can be made going forward to increase the effectiveness of the Board or the committees. Each committee and the full Board will consider and discuss the findings of the assessments.

21. Annual Election of Directors

The Board shall be classified with three classes of directors. Pursuant to the Certificate of Incorporation, the Board is divided into three classes denominated Class I, Class II and Class III, with members of each class holding office for staggered three year terms. At each annual meeting of stockholders, a class of directors is elected for a three-year term to succeed the same class whose terms are then expiring.

Directors are elected by a plurality of the votes of the holders of shares present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote on the election of directors. Accordingly, the nominees receiving the highest number of affirmative votes will be elected. If any nominee becomes unavailable for election as a result of an unexpected occurrence, shares that would have been voted for that nominee will instead be voted for the election of a substitute nominee proposed by the Company.

22. Director Orientation and Continuing Education

Meetings of the Board shall be designed to provide orientation for new directors to assist them in understanding the Company's business as well as an introduction to the Company's senior management. Further, the Company encourages directors to participate in continuing education programs focused on the Company's business and industry, committee roles and responsibilities and legal and ethical responsibilities of directors.

23. Formal Evaluation and Compensation of the CEO and Other Executive Officers

The formal evaluation of the CEO and the other executive officers should be made in the context of annual compensation review by the Compensation Committee, with appropriate input from other directors, and should be communicated to the CEO by the Chairman of the Board and the chair of the Compensation Committee.

24. Succession Planning

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, in consultation with the full Board, is primarily responsible for CEO succession planning. In addition, it shall monitor management's succession plans for other key executives. Succession planning can be critical in the event the CEO or other key executives should cease to serve for any reason, including resignation or unexpected disability. The Board believes that establishment of a strong management team is the best way to prepare for an unanticipated executive departure.

25. Management Development

In addition to its responsibilities related to executive succession planning, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall confer with the CEO to encourage management's employee development programs.

26. Board Interaction with Third Parties

The Board believes that management speaks for the Company. Individual directors may, from time to time, meet or otherwise communicate with various constituencies that are involved with the Company, but it is expected that directors would do this with knowledge of management and, in most instances, only at the request of management.

In cases where stockholders wish to communicate directly with the non-management directors, messages can be sent by mail to Varonis Systems, Inc., 1250 Broadway, 31st Floor, New York, New York 10001.

The General Counsel will forward the messages to the appropriate committee of the Board or non-management director.

The Company's directors should not accept any gift of value that indicates an intent to influence improperly the normal business relationship between the Company and any supplier, customer or competitor.

27. Formulation of Strategy

The Board should provide oversight to management in formulating corporate strategy.

28. Periodic Review of Guidelines

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board should review these guidelines at least annually.